THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,886—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

EXPIRATION OF LEASE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" LTD.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

On and after January 1st, 1913, all communications to be addressed to the New Premises, Homjee Street, Elphinstone Circle.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

THE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

IS

THE OLDEST AND BEST DAILY PAPER IN WESTERN INDIA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
1913				
1st March	MOREA	11030	.....	...
8th "	PERSIA	8300	.....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6400	MARMORA	10500
19th "	†ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
22nd "	MANTUA	11070	.....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6300	MEDINA	11700
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8300	.....	...
12th "	MOLDAVIA	10000	.....	...
19th "	MALOJA	12500	.....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	12000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10305
17th "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6300	MALWA	11000
31st "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
7th June	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	11000
14th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
21st "	DELTA	8000	MOREA	11030
28th "	INDIA	8000	.....	...

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on the day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

†INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 4 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 19th MARCH 1913, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE.	RETURN.
	"A" rate. "B" rate.	"A" rate. "B" rate.
To Marseilles Rs.	594 or Rs. 495	Rs. 891 or Rs. 742-8
To London "	627 or " 528	" 940-8 or " 792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

Massilia ... 5031 J. Thomson ..... 9th March 1913.
Olympia ... 5124 J. Kinnaird .....23rd " "
*Circassia... 6716 C F. Osborne R.N.R 10th April "
Sciodia ... 5105 Wm. Kelso ..... 22nd " "
*Castalia... 6318 G. Mitchell ..... 5th May "
*Elysia ... 6318 J. Dovetey ..... 13th " "

* Fitted with Marconi wireless telegraphy.

FARES,	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez ... ...Rs.	413	627
Bombay to Port Said ... ... "	445	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool ... ... "	578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool "	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar ... ... "	597	891
Bombay to Liverpool ... ... "	605	957
Bombay to New York ... ... "	841	1,423
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez ... ... "	445	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through Tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct;

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia ...	5228	D. Maganzini	15th Mar. 1913.
Sardegna	5195	A. Muzio ...	15th April 1913.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class.
Single Ticket from, Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350		Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from ..... Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525		Rs. 247

Through Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690 Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to SINGAPORE AND KOBE.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	4057	G. Baistro	16th Mar. 1913
Capri	4195	A. de Amezaga.	19th April 1913

SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE, Rs. 185; to KOBE, Rs. 250; DECK Fares to SINGAPORE, Rs. 45; and to KOBE, Rs. 70.

Subject to alterations for further particulars apply to

G. FERRERO,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI,

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via
Lloga ..	2185	Mon. 24th Feb.	11 a.m.	*P.D.& C.M.
Lumra ...	1695	Thurs. 27th Feb.	9 a.m.	† C.M.
Lhasa ...	2184	Friday 28th Feb.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.

* Porebunder, Dwarka, Cutch Mandvie.
† Cutch Mandvie.
‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Damra", 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 27th Feb., calling at Muscat, Bushire, and Mohomerah.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Bankora", 3,159 tons, on Thursday, 27th February, calling at Veraval, Mangrol, Karachi, Pasni, Charbar, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Basreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA

(Fortnightly).

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Pundua	3305	...Thursday, 6th March.
*Palamcotta	3413	... " 20th "
†Lindula	3353	... " 3rd April.
*Pentakota	3418	... " 17th "

†Calls at Lamu, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban to the steamers of the Union Castle or other Line.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer on or about 8th March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.

Nicol Road, near

24th February, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Yarra	4147	..Cadil ..	....12th Mar. 1913.
Australien	6335	..Costa	....9th April 1913.
Calelonien ...	4129	...Malbor	....7th May 1913.
Dumbea.....	5635	...Sellier	....4th June 1913.

PASSAGE FARES.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single) ...Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) ... "	891	743	405
To London (single) ... "	665	528	270
Do. (return) ... "	993	792	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione Jeneral Italiana's steamers at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT

AND THE FAR EAST BY TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS,
Albert Building, Horaby Road, Bombay. Agent.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE,

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

Oakes' Madras Cigars

ARE recognised as the standards of excellence. They are hand-made and guaranteed free from opium. Highest awards whenever exhibited. The following are a few popular Brands:—

		PER 100 RS. A.
Anglo-Indians No. 1, 4½", Boxed	100	4 0
Oriental Cheroots 5" "	100	3 8
Supers, No. 1, 4¼" "	50	4 14
La Flor de Coromandel—		
IMPERIALS, 5¼" "	50	8 8
CABINETS, 4½" "	50	7 6
OPERAS, 3" "	100	5 12
Fiancees, 4¼" "	50	9 6
Empires, 4½" "	50	10 8
Gymkhanas, 5¼" "	50	13 12
Vishnus (Longs), 5" "	100	3 14
Vishnus (Shorts), 3½" "	100	2 12

Obtainable at all Stores and Tobacconists throughout India and Burma, or direct from the Company at the Prices quoted above, delivered free by Post.

Write for New Illustrated Edition of Cigar Price List.

OAKES & CO., Ltd.,
Box No. 24, MADRAS.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35 Marine Lines, Bombay.

LADIES!!!

ONE RUPEE

Brings you in a return of from Rs. **20** to Rs. **60**.

Where the Dhoby destroys Frocks worth Rs. **60**.

We return your Costumes at Re. **1**, Laundered in the Sweet Filmy Foamy way so dear to the Feminine heart.

Unlined Dresses (cotton, voile, etc.), washed Re. **1** (silk) Rs. **1-8**.

Lined Dresses (cotton, voile, etc.) washed Rs **1-8** (silk) Rs. **2**.

STRIPED VOILES A SPECIALITE.

DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING CO.,
DRY CLEANING, DYEING AND ELECTRIC FINISHING WORKS,
2-14, Hummum Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....£ 950,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Joshin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliya,	Kampala.
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum secured does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividend, when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. RALPH KIDD, Acting Manager.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:—Gresham Buildings.
PAID UP CAPITAL.....Rs. 15,00,000.
RESERVE FUND .....Rs. 1,00,000.

Banking business of every description transacted.

PRESENT RATE for SHORT DEPOSITS

Payable at 15 days notice 2½ per cent under Bank Rate
" " 30 " " ...2 per cent " " "
" " 60 " " ...1 per cent " " "

NO CHANCE OF LOSING MONEY DEPOSITED IN THIS BANK.

The following figures of the Working Capital shows the Bank's progress in 1912:—

31st January 1912.....Rs. 8,00,000
30th April " .....Rs. 24,00,000
31st July " .....Rs. 52,00,000
30th December " .....Rs. 100,00,000

S. N. POONKHANAWALA, (O. A. I. B.) London, Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LTD.

(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

CAPITAL AUTHORISED ... ... Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUED ... ... Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP ... ... Rs. 8,62,618
RESERVE FUND (In Govt. Papers)... Rs. 8,50,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

BRANCHES.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyallpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt., Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½% p. a.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of out-stations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to

SRI RAM, B. A.,
Bombay, 89, Apollo Street. Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE.
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES AT:—
Bombay, Calcutta and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,000,000
PAID UP .....£ 400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart, (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI Esq. (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs. Brown, Shiply and Co.)
J. C. GEORGES BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co-)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.
Sir DINSHAW M PETIT, Bart,
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

BOMBAY RACES

(BIG MEETING.)

THERE are no better Field Glasses in the world than those known as the GOERZ TRIEDER and the EMIL BUSCH-BINOCULARS.

They are made for the Marine Service, for the Field and for the Theatre. Wonderful qualities, and the most extensive field of view, make them transcendentally perfect for use on the Race Course. They are as different to the ordinary field glass as a diamond is to a bit of glass.

There are many imitations of these excellent Prism binoculars offered under strikingly fancy names intended to conceal their origin, but which only prove their illegitimacy and orphanism. Such imitation may be accepted as mere contrivances manufactured solely to serve as "Catchpennies."

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS & OPTICIANS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 17,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
BRANCHES AND AGENCES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Shanghai Hongkow
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Taipeh
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tientsin
Hankow	New York	Tsingtau
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkong	Penang	Yloilo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent., per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months or term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 23,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest on the accounts of individuals and private firms allowed half-yearly at 2½ per cent. per annum to the 31st May next on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and thereafter at 2 per cent., but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£400,000
RESERVE.....£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up..... Gold $ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund ..... " " 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits..... " " 558,288,69

LONDON OFFICE: 36 Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Pekin.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... " 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS... ... " 17,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angels, Cal. U. S. A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 365,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, JOHORE, KANDY, GALLE (INGAPORE, KUALA, LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan) PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balances if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and dividends when due.

JAS. MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

RETAIL AGENTS FOR BOMBAY:

MESSRS. F. M. CHINOY & CO., DUNCAN ROAD.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS | SHELL SPIRIT IS IMPORTED INTO INDIA ONLY BY | LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (INDIA), LTD.

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KARACHI.

MONGINI BROTHERS CAKE SPECIALITIES.

From 1lb. and upwards may be had Fresh daily if ordered before 9 a.m.

GATEAU YOLANDA—(a Lemon Tea Cake.)
GATEAU CAPRICE—(Chocolate Flake Cake.)
GATEAU CONVERSATION—(Custard Cream Cake.)
GATEAU NOISETTE—(Hazelnut Praline Cake.)
GATEAU JAPONAIS—(Pineapple Iced Cake.)
GATEAU MOKA—(Coffee Cream Cake.)
GATEAU IDEAL—(Cream Pastry Cake.)
GATEAU FLAMANDE—(Lemon and Almond Cake.)
GATEAU SUBLIME—(Very light apricot-flavoured Cake.)
GATEAU St. HONORE—(Whipped-cream Cake.)

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET.

Telephone No. 325. Telegram.—MONGINI, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary, Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office, on MONDAY, the 3rd March, 1913, at 3 p.m., (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

Bombay Improvement Trust Letter —

1. (a) Intimating that the term of office of Mr. D. E. Wacha, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna Bala-wadekar, Kt., and Mr. N. J. Gamadia, as Trustees of the Board, expires on the 31st March, 1913, and (b) Election of three Trustees.

2. Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' Proceedings.

3. (a) Appointment of Municipal Auditors for the year 1913-14. (b) Notice of motion from Mr. James MacDonald, seconded by Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt., for re-appointing Messrs. Bhukanda B. Desai and S. T. Tantur to be Auditors for the year 1913-14.

4. (a) Letter from the Commissioner—Requesting that five members be elected for the ensuing year to serve on the Board of Management of the Acworth Leper Asylum at Matanga. (b) Notice of motion from Mr. James MacDonald, seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy—For re-appointing the Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshs M. Mehta, K.C.I.E., Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt., the Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Kt., C.I.E., Lt.-Col. M.A.T. Collie, and the Hon'ble Dr. D. A. D'Monte to be Members of the Board.

5. Letter from Mr. S. C. Dhondy—Resigning his seat on the Corporation.

6. Notice of motion from the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy, seconded by Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt.—For expressing regret at the death of Mr. Rahmubhai Allana.

7. Schools Committee's Letter—Forwarding excerpts from the Committee's Proceedings.

8. Letter from Dr. Hormusji Manekji and other residents of Chira Bazar—Requesting that steps may be taken to widen Girgaum Road.

9. Letter from Mr. Russel Aitken—Forwarding a memorandum on the Bubonic Plague in Bombay.

10. Letter from Mr. J. S. Mirjan—Regarding a placard issued by the Bombay Sanitary Association in connection with certain statistics about vaccination.

11. Letter from Messrs. Mulji Khambatta and Thakordas, Solicitors—Requesting that their client may be favoured with details of the cost incurred in connection with the remodelling of the drains of a property in Ice Agiari Lane.

12. Letter from Mr. K. B. Mulla—Complaining of the condition of Tramway Cars.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee.—

13. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a Budget transfer of Rs. 5,500 to supplement the grant for Town Duty Collection.

14. Recommending a grant of Rs. 24-12-3 to meet the payment of leave allowance due to a Sub-Registrar.

15. Recommending a grant of Rs. 9,217 to meet the cost of the work of laying a 9" sewer and raising a 6" drain in a passage to the north of the Low level Channel.

16. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a Budget transfer of Rs. 500 to supplement the grant for Dispensaries.

17. Forwarding a return regarding the adjustment of Stores account.

18. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,750 to meet the cost of carts, etc., for the Addresses to be respectively presented by the Corporation to His Excellency Lord Sydenham and Lord Willingdon.

19. Recommending a grant of Rs. 4,031 to meet the cost of renewing a storm-water drain on the Kennedy Sea Face.

20. Recommending a grant of Rs. 145-6-0 to meet the Municipal contribution towards the cost of printing the Bombay City Census Report.

21. Recommending sanction to certain building materials being sold as proposed by the Commissioner.

22. Recommending sanction to the acceptance of an offer for the purchase of certain pipes.

23. Recommending sanction to the revised estimates in connection with the construction of a road from Mount Road through Rose Cottage Lane to Malbar, Candy Road.

24—28. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, certain Budget transfers.

Letters from the Commissioner —

29. Requesting sanction to revised regular lines being prescribed for Masjid Bunder Road and Jakeria Masjid Street.

30. Requesting sanction to the construction of a drain at Byramji Hall Lane.

31. Forwarding a statement of accounts as required by Section 105 (1) of the Municipal Act.

32. Forwarding statements regarding the cleansing of sewers and drains in the City.

33. Regarding the erection of an incinerator and a plant for the disposal of carcasses at Mahalaxmi Gate.

34. Forwarding amended draft Trust Deeds in respect of the Primary Schools at Memonwada and Kumbharwada.

35. Forwarding a statement of assessment of properties.

36. Forwarding a return of work done in the Municipal Laboratory.

37. Forwarding a return of Motor-Cars and Motor Cycles taxed in the City.

Notices of motions—

38. From Dr. Diatha Bomanji Pestanji Master—For obtaining a report regarding the possibility of providing reserved seats for ladies in Tram Cars.

39—41. From the Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, K.C.I.E.—(39). For obtaining a report containing proposals for improving the future lighting of the City. (40) For obtaining a report regarding a dangerous corner at the junction of Gowalia Tank Road and Hughes Road. (41) For obtaining a report regarding the construction of a footpath on one side of the Kennedy Bridge.

42. Schools Committee's Letter—Reporting on the question of extending the principle of free studentship in Municipal Schools.

Letters from the Commissioner—

43. Forwarding a return showing the hours of water supply to the different localities.

44. Forwarding a report regarding the provision of a hanging garden on the slope of Malabar Hill.

45. Requesting sanction to the widening of a road between Dockyard Road and Gunpowder Road.

46. Requesting sanction to Messrs. Whiteway, Laidlaw & Co. being permitted to remove the existing blue stone pavement from the surface of the footpath under the archway in front of their building on Hornby Road, and to relay it in black Tandur and Shahabad stone in squares, &c.

47. For arding a report regarding the collapse of a house at Lalbaug, Parel.

Notices of motions.—

48. From Dr. S. S. Batliwala, seconded by Mr. Mahomedbhoy C. Ebrahim—For inviting attention to the want of a Market at Matunaga.

49. From Mr. Shapoorji Sorabjee Mistry, seconded by Mr. Dinsha Bomanji Desai Master—For obtaining a report on the air analysis of different wards of the City.

50—51. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—Forwarding (50) a statement of Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee and (51) a statement of Committees of the Corporation.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

52. Forwarding a Draft Address of Welcome to be presented to Lord Willingdon on his arrival in Bombay.

53. Regarding the tariff for the supply of Electrical energy for lighting and power purposes.

54. Regarding rules in connection with the construction of privies on the intermediate water carriage system.

55. Regarding Draft By-Laws for Milch Cattle Stables.

By Order of the President,
R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 21st February, 1913.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR CUTTING AND SEWING UNIFORM CLOTHING, ETC.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 26th February, 1913, for the above work in such quantities as may be required on order from time to time, during the period of 12 months commencing from 1st day of April, 1913.

2. Tenders must be made on the Company's printed forms which can be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, on payment of Re. 1 for each form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused Tender Forms.

3. Tenders should be superscribed with heading as above and a deposit of Rs. 200 (two hundred) should accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. Only cash, Currency Notes or Government Promissory Notes will be received as deposits and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of the "Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or Order."

4. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 23th January, 1913.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

MR. E. D. TALATI will deliver a LECTURE at the Institute, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th February, 1913, at 7 P.M., (standard Time.) Subject :—"Old Ahmedabad;" illustrated by lantern slides.

Members, their Families and friends are cordially invited to be present.

The lecture is also open to the Public.

G. F. CHALK,
Honorary Secretary.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tender for Kerosine Oil" are invited to reach the Agent's Office, Naulakha Post Office, Lahore, up to 12 noon on 13th March, 1913, (at which date, time and place they will be opened) for the SUPPLY of the following KEROSINE OILS: No contractor or representative will be admitted to the room to witness the opening of Tenders, unless he personally presents a Tender at the entrance. Those who do not wish to be present should post their Tenders in good time. No information can be given at the time of opening Tenders, except the names of the contractors or firms, whose Tenders have been received.

1. 25,000 Cases of 150° flash point.
2. 5,000 Cases of 125° flash point.

Tenders should state clearly in their Tenders what brands they propose to supply. Delivery of the oils to be made in such instalments as the Railway may require.

2. The rates tendered should include all charges for storage in Port Trust Oil Godown at Karachi, (Kiamari), and subsequent loading in wagons at Kiamari. Sufficient supplies must always be kept stored at the cost of suppliers in the Port Trust Godowns.

3. Full, sound and unstained cases only will be accepted.

4. No particular form of Tender is necessary, and Tender may be submitted by letter.

5. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, or to assign any reason for non-acceptance of whole or any part of a Tender.

By Order
CHIEF STOREKEEPER.

Chief Storekeeper's Office.
20th February, 1913.

THE SWADESHI LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Swadeshi Life Assurance Company, Ld., will be held at the Company's premises, at 89, Apollo Street, Bombay, on the 25th day of February, 1913, at 4-30 P.M., (S.T.), when the following Resolution will be proposed, viz.:—That the name of the Company be CHANGED from "The Swadeshi Life Assurance Company, Limited," to "THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED."

K. SUBRAMANI AIYAR, B.A., F.S.A.A., (London), Manager.

NOTICE.

CAPTAIN JAMES DE SWINTON SPOONER, DECEASED.

THE ADMINISTRATOR of the Estate and effects, throughout the whole of British India, of JAMES de SWINTON SPOONER formerly of Secunderabad, Deccan, India, but late of Seaford in the County of Sussex, a Captain in the 83rd Willajahbad Light Infantry, but now deceased, who died at Seaford aforesaid, on or about the 6th day of May, 1912 being about to close the accounts of the deceased's estate, NOTICE is hereby given that all Creditors and other persons having Claims or Demands against the said Estate, are required to send particulars, in writing, of their Claims or Demands to the Undersigned, on or before the 10th day of March, 1913, at the undermentioned address, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the Claims and Demands of which he shall then have had notice, and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets of the said James de Swinton Spooner, deceased, or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons, of whose claims of demands he shall not then have had notice.

D. ANNAN,
Administrator of the Estate of
Captain James de Swinton Spooner,
deceased.

No. 7 Armenian Street,
Madras, 6th February, 1913.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. Karmali Peerbhoy, of Bombay, Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to me the Undersigned. Any person having any right, title, interest or claim in or upon the said property or any part thereof either by way of sale, mortgage, lease, trust, lien, maintenance, lease sale, gift, inheritance, incumbrance, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Undersigned at his place of residence, "Katrack Villa," near Gamdevi Road or Harvey Road, Grant Road, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the same (if any) will be considered as waived and the purchase will be completed without any regard thereto.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY. All that piece or parcel of Foras Land containing by admeasurement 72 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 200/203, New No. 1703, New Survey No. 1-1412, 3-3119, and situate at De Lisle Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the East by the said De Lisle Road, on or towards the West partly by the property of Dada Mackba, and partly by the property of Bhaipa Balaram and others, and on the South by the property of Dada Mackba, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.

SECONDLY. All that piece or parcel of leasehold land (the lessor whereof is the Secretary of State for India in Council) containing by admeasurement 5620, five thousand six hundred and twenty square yards or thereabouts, and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New No. 1687, and New Survey No. 2-24 0, together with the messuages, tenements, or dwelling-houses standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward E Nos. 727/6, 727/7, (1), 727/7 (2), 727/7 (3), 727/7 (4), 727/7 (5), 727/7 (6), 727/8-727/8, and Street Nos. 19, 192, 1,2,3,4,5, 194-96-196-1, and all which premises are situate at De Lisle Road, Parel, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the East by the said De Lisle Road, on or towards the West partly by the property of Dada Mackba, and partly by the property of Bhaipa Balaram and others, on or towards the North by the ground belonging to the Bombay Municipality, and on or towards the South partly by the property of Balabai, daughter of Bhaikroji Galowar, and partly by the property of the said Dada Mackba, and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Vendor.—Dated this 21st day of February, 1913.

NOWROJI SORABJI BUNSHAH, Purchaser.

NOTICE.

THE Abkari OPIUM, and HEMP DRUGS CONTRACT of the Gwalior State shall be auctioned during the second week of April, 1913, for each Pergana separately for a period of one year. The auction will be held in the office of the Commissioner of Customs and Excise, Gwalior State, Moti-Mahal, Gwalior. Full particulars about auction would be obtained on application from the office of the Commissioner of Customs and Excise, Gwalior State, Gwalior.

GAJPAT RAI
Muntazim Bahadur,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise,
Gwalior Government,
Gwalior.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS AT DELHI.
KING, KING & Co., 1, Kashmir Gate.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS superscribed Tenders for "Carbide of Calcium" are invited for the SUPPLY of 60 CWTS. of CARBIDE of CALCIUM in instalments of 10 CWTS. per month commencing from 1st April, 1913, and should reach the CHIEF STOREKEEPER, North-Western Railway, Lahore, by 12 noon of FRIDAY, the 14th March, 1913.

No particular form of Tender is necessary. Tender may be submitted by letter. Tenderers should specify at what station they propose to deliver the Carbide.

Chief Storekeeper's Office.
Lahore, Dated 20th February, 1913.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of JAMNADAS JEEWAN, a widower, a broker, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, ...deceased.

GORDHANDAS JEEWAN, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a broker, residing at 186 Bazaar Gate Street, within the Fort, brother of the abovenamed deceased ..... Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS, claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness, SIR BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this Twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord, One thousand nine hundred and thirteen, and in the third year of our Reign.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.

The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
The 20th day of February, 1913.
Messrs. WADIA GHANDY & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

HOUSE, Bazaar and Dhobie Account Book for 12 months, with Servants' Diary, Wages Table, Recipes, Instructions and Will Form by G. L. CHARD, 6th edition, revised. Price Rs. 1-8. No. 5 dept. A and N. Co-operative Society Ltd., Bombay.

WANTED.

WANTED.—GOOD SECOND-HAND dressing table, wardrobe, writing table, chairs, and carpets, at once. Write, giving full particulars, prices, etc., to W. T. G., care of "Bombay Gazett.", Homji Street, Fort.

WANTED, for a Mill in Southern India, a PARSEE CLOTH DESIGNER and COSTER of COLOURED GOODS, including Checks. Salary according to qualification. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 233, care of this Paper.

WANTED, by a young Englishman, BEDROOM with use of sitting Room, with full Board, near the Cooperage or Apollo Bunder. Private family preferred. To occupy from March 1st onwards. Write with full particulars, stating inclusive charge to Box No. 121, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE in Whitefield—One large pucka built House, 21 acres fertile land, 13 head cattle. 160 grafted Mangoe Trees. Casurina Plantation. House partly furnished, land town raggi gram.—Apply particulars.

R. JOHNSON,
care of E. de'Lang, B. B. and C. I. Ry.,
Ripon Buildings, Lower Parel, Bombay.

DURRIES, DURRIES, DURRIES.

FROM THIS FACTORY are matchless in strength, durability and colour, in spite of which moderate rates are guaranteed before buying elsewhere, write a card to-day for patterns.

THE BHAGWAN TENT FACTORY, AGRA, U.P.
(Branch Delhi, Tel. Tents.)

TOURING OFFICER'S TENT.

RECENTLY been invented by us, is so constructed as to suit in all respects, the Touring Officers and hunters. It is the lightest double fly tent, ever invented, 7ft. by 6ft., with a bath-room, ventilator, pockets, etc. Price Rs. 45 only. Full particulars on application to the

BHAGWAN TENT FACTORY Agra, U. P.
(Branch Delhi) Tel. Tents.

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE VIS-A-VIS VICTORIA recently done up tyres in good order, additional hood for front seat, fitted for single or double harness. Price Rs. 650.

Also a set of double Cawapore-English plated harness, cost Rs. 100 in July, 1912. Price Rs. 80 or offer.

Also a rubber-tyred buggy partly English built, suitable for 14-15 hand horse, sound but needs doing up, Price Rs. 350.

Also a sweet-toned piano (Maroks) in good order, Rs. 300, or offer.

Apply to R. D. PRIOR, Poona, or to Messrs. JAFFER JUSSUFF, East Street, Poona.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 24th February, at 2-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Room, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods, and the following:—

Furniture such as sofas, chairs, easy chairs, almyrah cupboards, book and hatstands, iron safes, phonographs, cottage piano, Persian large carpets, and baba gharrys.

The property of an English gentleman.—

Gents' saddle, oil paintings by A. Tarrens, pictures, Japanese screen, electric table lamp, English tiffin basket with fittings, and Japanese tea set, etc.

By order of an Office concerned.—

1 valuable diamond necklace, of Paris made, can be used as a brooch also.

At 2-30 P.M.

Several Gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred Office shigram.
1 light rubber-tyred victoria.
1 double-seated brougham.

SALE OF CHANDELIERS, AND FURNITURE, ETC.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Mahomed Adam Memon and another, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at Nacoda Street, next to Post Office, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at 2-30 p.m., the shop goods, consisting of 6-30 light candle chandeliers, 3-8 light gas chandeliers, Venetian glass, pier glasses with pier tables, Majolica jardineers, 16 light Arganl lamps, wall brackets, large carpets, sofas, bentwood chairs, flower baskets, crockeryware and glassware, etc.

The above will be on view 2 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 24th February, 1913.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

TO-NIGHT,
Miss MAUDE COURTNEY
WITH
Mr. HARRY C. COURTNEY
Will repeat their Entertainment in a change of Programme.

No one should miss seeing them.

OUR STAR FILM,
IN THE SPRING TIME
OF
LIFE
Rendered in three Parts,
Has won the highest commendation.

THE TIMID LOVERS.
Wiffles in the Principal Role.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

IN THE DISTINGUISHED PRESENCE OF
T. E. THE LORD AND LADY SYDENHAM,
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5TH, at 9-30 P.M.,
AND
SATURDAY, MARCH 8TH, at 5 P.M.,
The World's Greatest Trio of Instrumentalists
LEO. J N AND MISCHEL.
CHERNIAVSKY
have, by Special request, rearranged their present tour to enable them to play
FAREWELL CONCERTS IN BOMBAY,
on the above dates.
THE SPECIAL AFTERNOON CONCERT,
ON MARCH 8TH, is given to enable children and those living in the suburbs to hear these World-Famous virtuosi of the piano, violin & cello.

Boxes from Rs. 10 to 30. Dress Circle, R. 3.
Stalls, R. 5. Front seats. Balcony, Rs. 2
Stalls Rs. 4. Back seats. Gallery, Re. 1.
Children half price on SATURDAY ONLY.
Plan at ROSE & Co.
Manager, HOWARD EDIE.

CINEMA DE LUXE,
GAIETY THEATRE.
Manager.....Lew James.
6-30 TWO HOUSES NIGHTLY 10
HOUSE PACKED LAST NIGHT.
100s turned away.
INSTANTANEOUS SUCCESS OF OUR
COLOSSAL PROGRAMME
COME TO-NIGHT AND SEE
COMTESSE OLGA,
The most wonderful child of the age.
SEE HER CONDUCT.
A FULL ORCHESTRA.
SIGNORINA CARMELITA,
BALLET DANCER.
SIGNOR CONCHITA,
Instrumentalist.
ALEXANDROFF,
Russian Juggler and Balancer.
OUR CINEMA PICTURES.
BOMBAY RACES.
A record, Race Run At 5 P.M. Shown At 6-30.
DRAMA, COMIC, AND COMEDIES,
OUR "CHRONICLE" IS REAL GOOD.
PRICES AS USUAL.

MAIDANIA.

THURSDAY, 27th February.
CINDERELLA DANCE.
SATURDAY, 1st March,
SKATING CARNIVAL.
FANCY DRESS.
Prizes for the 2 Best and 2 most original Costumes.
RACES RACES
2 mile race for Championship of Bombay
1 mile race for Maidania Handicap.
Open 2 lap race Novices Handicap.
Open 2 lap race Ladies Handicap.
Nomimations for Skate Races close at 6 p. m.

THURSDAY, 27th February.
For PARTICULARS, apply AT THE RINK.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 28 per annum in advance, post free.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIA PICTURE PALACE AND HALL OF VARIETIES,
SANDHURST ROAD.
RESIDENT MANAGER.....NORMAN BARRINGTON.
TO-NIGHT.—FIRST SHOW 7 P.M.,
Under the Distinguished Patronage of
T. E. LORD and LADY SYDENHAM.
PROGRAMME.
MAZDIE (THE EGYPTIAN WIZARD & ILLUSIONIST)
IN
THE INEXHAUSTIBLE SHAWL. | PHAEROE'S SILVER VASE.
THE ARRIVAL OF ASNIE. | THE WINE WONDER.
INVISIBLE SEEDS. | HORTICULTURE (extraordinary).
ASTRALA.
OUR PICTURE PROGRAMME.
THE BULLY AND THE BATH .....(comic).
DEAUVILLE.....(scenic).
ANIMATED GAZETTE.....(or the English Mail).
DEAD SEA FRUIT (DRAMA.)
THE DODGE THAT FAILED (comic).
PRICES AS USUAL.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!
A BEAUTIFUL PANTOMIME SUBJECT.
JACK AND THE BEANSTALK,
A WONDERFUL REPRESENTATION OF THE FAMILIAR STORY.

A fairy tale, as familiar to the homes as a household word, unfolding the adventures of Jack, his triumphant return from the mystic heights of the beanstalk with the giant's ill-gotten treasures. The photography is little short of wonderful.

THE PROGRAMME ALSO INCLUDES:—
1. WAR AND LOVE.....(Fine coloured drama. Intensely pathetic).
2. STATE INDUSTRY.....(Interesting industrial picture).
3. SCIENTIST'S NIGHTMARE.....
4. THE JUGGIN'S FAMILY..... } 3 BRIGHT COMICS.
5. DEPILATORY POWDER.....
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.
PRIZE SHOW ON SUNDAY—5-30 to 6-30.

CHARNI ROAD. AMERICA-INDIA THEATRE. Tel. No. 1271.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.
PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.
EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.
HORS D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.
ALMONDS and WALNUTS (Italian) in soft shell; MALAGA RAISINS, and DESSERT SMYRNA FIGS in boxes, and ITALIAN HAZELNUTS.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

Do not risk your life by neglecting the first warning Nature gives of Fever. Stop the attack and preserve your health BY TAKING the cure, that has been tested by time
A LIFE SAVED.
BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE and PILLS.
BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS
For pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., Rs. 1-8 each.
BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER
is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.
BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT
Cures ring-worm, Dhobiesitch, etc., in a day, Ans. 4 each.
Of all dealers, or of
DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" MOTOR SPIRIT
Imported in India solely
BY
The Asiatic Petroleum Co., (India) Limited.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
FORT,
BOMBAY.

ALSO AT:—
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MESSRS. BEST & CO.
MADRAS.

KARACHI AGENTS:—
MESSRS. EWART RYRIE & CO.
KARACHI.

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offer Policies at Minimum Cost with Maximum Benefits.
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CROFT MODY & CO.,
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is to secure the divine shelter of the world-renowned and universally successful.
Atank Nigrah Pills.
The—Mistress of the Tonics manufactured from the purest vegetable drugs without any intoxicants. Remember "Delay is dangerous."
PRICE. Re. 1.
FOR A TIN OF 32 PILLS.
Vaidya Shastri
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy.
KALBADEVI, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

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B. O. C.

—B. O. C. KEROSINES—

Waterlily 150°F.—Firefly 125°F.—Chukker 125°F.—Victoria 125°F.

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Agents: SHAW WALLACE & CO.,

CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, FEB 21. BOMBAY, FEB 22.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consol...	74 1-2	un	chgd
3 do. Rentes...	86 3-4	un	chgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan	80 1-4	un	chgd
do. do. Gov. Securities... ...	83 1-2	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London Spot	23 3-8	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence	23 9-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York	51 1-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris	25·25 1-2	01	
do. do. at Berlin	20·43 1-4	un	chgd
do. do. New York.	4·87 3-8	1-2	
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	5	since	
do. Short London Bills	4 15-16	un	chgd
3 months' sight...			
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight...	4 3-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-3	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans... ...	4 5-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans... ...	4 3-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold. ...77-9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 27-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

Under date 4th February. The Bank of England announced :—"£17,100 has been set aside on account of Straits Settlements Note Guarantee Fund.—Gold Portion."

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay ...	£	30,000
Gold to Bombay ...	£	240,000
Gold Coin to Bombay ...	£	10,000
Gold to Calcutta ...		Nil
Silver to Ceylon ...	£	18,000
Silver to Hongkong ...	£	15,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady. Quiet.
Futures	...Barely steady.
Manchester	Steady with little doing.
Total Sales	... 9,000 bales.
Sold on speculation and for Export	... 5,000 "
Imports	... 6,000 "
Mid-Americas ...	... 6·77 + 6d
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...	9·85 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.	Apr.-May.	May-June
6·47	6·47	6·47	6·47
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	unchgd
June-July	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	
6·49	6·42	6·34	
+01	unchgd	unchgd	
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Jan.-Feb. 1914	
6·22	6·15	6·11	
unchgd	unchgd	unchgd	

New York 11 a.m., March 12·05 May. 11·83. New York official Noon call Mar. 13·19 May. 11·90.

New Orleans 10 a.m. March 12·07 May 12·07

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	22,000
" Receipts at " last year ...	57,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	6,000
Exports to Continent ...	2,000
Spot Cotton ...	...12·7 Unchgd

a Futures—Month of Mar. 12·06—17.

a Futures—Month of May 11·91—·4.

a Declined owing to expected increase in the movement and to bearish week and statistics.

Holiday to-morrow.

NEW ORLEANS.—

Spot cotton ...	12 2-8 unchgd
Futures month of Mar. ...	12·10—(5
Futures month of May. ...	12·11—03
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Steady.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	120,0 0
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	54,0 0
Do. do to France & Continent.	66,0 0
Do. do to Japan ...	7,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports ...	769,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports ...	692,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

	Bales.
Total Actual Exports ...	13,000
Do. Forwarded ...	15, 0
Do. Imports ...	76,000
Do. Stocks ...	1,134,000
Stock of Cotton in London ...	5,300

Liverpool, Feb. 21.

Tone Dhooties and Shirtings—More sales at lower price.

Tone Cloths Weaker but more doing.

Weft American "54" ...	11 7-8
Weft Egyptian " 80" ...	18 1-2

Tone—Yarn—Market quiet.

Weft Egyptian "32" ...	12 3-8
Twist "32" W T C ...	10 3-8
Twist "32" B ...	10 3-4
Cloth Gunni's 20 36inch ...	13 10
Twist "36" W T C ...	10 5-8
Twist "36" B ...	11
Twist "42" ...	12 1-4
Twist American "60" ...	16 3-4
Twist Egyptian "60" ...	17 1-2
Twist Egyptian "80" ...	22

Grey shirtings 39 in by 37 1-2 88 yds 16 by 12 8 lbs Red Hearing 7 9 " " 44 in. by 39 yds 14 by 13-8 lbs ... 8 6

White Nainsooks 28 in. by 18 yds 16 by 13 to 16-15 Range ... 3 1 1-4

" Mull 28 in. by 18 yds 14 by 12 Green Ends ... 2 2 1-4

" Shirtings 32-36 in. by 42 yds Liepmann's No 1500 ... 12 9

40s Rainer Mill Twist ... 11

Geo Mayall's Yarn ... 11

F. G. F Tinnevelly G I F—Liverpool 6 25 32

Buyers or Sellers ... ... Sellers

months ... ... Mar.-Apr.

Water Twist American 20s. 10 5-8 pence.

" " " 30s. 11 5-8 "

Mule " " 40s. 11 1-4 "

" " " 50s. 13 1-8 "

" " " 60s. 15 1-8 "

" " Egyptian 40s. 16 5-8 "

" " " 50s. 17 1-8 "

" " " 60s. 18 1-8 "

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Cocanada Fair Red O.I.F. London... d 5 11-16

Cocanada Ginned " " ... d 5 3-4

Western Good " " ... d 6 1-4

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	... Nominal
Do. Months—	... .
Do. Name of Ports—	... .
Wheat White Karachi	... 40 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—	Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports—	London—Buyers.
Wheat Red Karachi...	... 40 unchgd
Do Months—	Feb.-Mar.—London—Sellers.

Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT

Rosario Santa Fe 62 lbs.	... Unchanged.
Barlette Russo —62 1-2 lb	... do
Austrian Wheat ...	... Uncha ged.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship	... 54 unchgd
Do. Months—	... Mar.-May
Do. Name of Ports—	Dunkirk—Sellers
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship	... 55 unchgd
Do. Months—	... Apl.-May
Do. Name of Ports,-	Dunkirk—Seller.
Brown Cawnpore ...	... 48 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—	... April-May
Do. Name of Ports,-	Dunkirk—Sellers.

Tone—Firm.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship	... 49 unchgd
Do. Months—	... March-May
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	

Tone—Steady.

Linseed Calcutta ...	... 45 9—3d
Do. Months—	... Apr.-June
Do. Name of Ports—	London—Done—and Buyers.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ...	42 3-4 -1-4
Do. Months—	... Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports—	Hamburg—Sellers

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Cottonseed Market ...	£7 0 6—15
Mar.-Apl.—Hull—Sellers—Quiet.	

MISCELLANEOUS

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ...	... 12 7-3 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ...	... 4s +1-4d
	Feb-Mar.—Sellers—Firmer.

METALS—

Standard Copper G M B	...£ 64 3-3+1-8
Copper Braziers	... £79 1-2 unchgd
Yellow Metal	... £ 7 unchgd
Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. c. i. f. Liverpool	.....
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F.O.B. Antwerp.	6 0 6
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O.B. Liverpool	... 12 0 0
Basic steel Bars Belgian C.I.F. India	... 6 15 0

FREIGHT—

Coals—Cardiff, to Bombay Canal ...	... 14 Value.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags). 13 6—3-4	
Do. Months of Shipment...	May-Aug.—Sellers.

Tone—Not much doing.

Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India	... 12s 7 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipments—	Mar.-Apr.—Value,

Tone—Very little offering.

German Beet-root 88 p.c.	... 9 10 3-4unchgd
Months of Shipments	... May—Sellers
Tone—Much offering. Opened quiet. Closed steadier.	

SAR & Similar Crystal C & F India ... 14 +3-4d

Months of Shipments...	... Apl-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Steady without activity.	
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay	... 12 6 +3d
Month of Shipments	... Mar.—Value.
Tone—Firmer.	
Java Sugar—Unchanged. Very quiet. Prices firm.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING. 22ND Feb., 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Imports.
	Rs.		
3 Boxes Bullion	1,92,000	London	Hongkong Bank
Soves ...	33,750	do	do
3 Bars Silver	7,50,000	do	do
1 Box Gold Coins	12,000	Marseilles	Comptoir National
3 Bars silver	7,50,000	London	Mercantile Bank
2 Bars silver	6,00,000	do	Yokohama Bank
17 Bars silver	3,45,000	Adelaide	Eastern Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 20th Feb., 1913.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway...	23	33,450
B. B. and C. I. Rail'y	19	23,143

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

Bank of Bengal rate since 18th Feb. 1913 3 p.c.	
Bank of Bom. " " 27th Dec. 1912 3 "	
Bank of Mad. " " 31st Dec. " 3 "	

EXCHANGE—

The market opened steady at 1s. 4d. 1-32 T.T., 1s. 4d. 1-16 on Demand and 1s. 4d. 5-16 for 3 months' sight Credits. Being mail day very little business has been done. Far Eastern rates are easier.

We quote.—

T.T. on London	...1s. 4 1. 1-32d
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 9-32d. Apl.
Do. do Francs	...171 1-2
Do. do Marks	...131 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...148 1-2
Shanghai "	...204 1-2
Japan "	...149

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—

The market opened at 95 1-16 For Cash and the first Settlement and after declining 1-16, recovered to the opening rate. A small business is reported. Rates close as under.

Cash	...	Rs.	95	1 0
1st Settlement	...	"	95	1 0
2nd "	...	"	95	2 0

BULLIONS.—

Bar Silver in London yesterday closed steady and unchanged at 23 3-8 for ready and 23 9-16 for forward. New York was also unchanged at 51 5-8. The local market opened steady at 74 7-8 for the settlement while for ready cut bars the rate was one rupee less. There has been little or no Change in prices, and closing rates are as under for all deliveries. Bar Gold is steady

We quote.—

English Bar Gold	...	Rs.	24	0 0
Australian "	...	"	24	0 0
Sovereigns "	...	"	15	0 0
Silver (ex duty)				
Ready ...	...	"	73	14 0
1st Settlement	...	"	74	14 0
2nd Settlement	...	"	72	4 0
Silver (cum duty)				
Ready ...	...	"	83	4 0
1st Settlement	...	"	84	4 0
2nd Settlement	...	"	81	10 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORTS.—

The American market, after opening easier at 5 to 8 points lower, closed 2 to 5 points lower. There is nothing of importance to report. New York and New Orleans are closed to-day for a holiday (Washington's Birthday). The local market opened rather easier, the rate for good Broach being Rs. 322. The enquiry for forward delivery has been limited, and the market has kept quiet but steady during the day, closing as under.

For ready cotton the market is dull, with little enquiry by either Shippers or mills except at lower prices which, in some cases, holders are meeting.

QUOTATIONS.—

Fine M. G. Broach ...	Rs.	332	March.
Good M. G. Broach ...	"	322 1-2	"
Fine M. G. Wardha-Hinganghat ...	"	329	"
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	"	326	"
Fine M. G. Yeotmal ...	"	322-3	"
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon... ...	"	319	"
F. M. G. Shamgaon-Akola... ...	"	313	"
Fine M. G. Khandeish	"	294	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	"	285	"
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	"	276	"
Sawginned Dharwar ...	"	327	Apl.-May

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	...	Dull
Estimated Sales ...	...	5,000
Total Imports ...	...	30,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr	Apr.-May.
6·48	6·48	6·48
+01	+01	+01
May-June.	June-July	July-August
6·49	6·48	6·44
+02	+02	+02
Aug.-Sept	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·34	6·23	6·16
+01	+1	+01

The following is an Extract from Messrs A. Stern & Cos. weekly report dated Liverpool 6th February.

"Speculation is entirely absent, and until same can be revived, we do not look for any important changes, and we think it is to new crop developments and prospects that we must look for a revival of inside and outside interest. For the present, there is very little to be said in regard to the outlook for the next crop. Most sections of Texas have had good winter rains, but there are some complaints of a deficiency in the western part of the State. Reports about the sale of fertilizers are conflicting, some sections reporting active sales, whereas others report them as very small.

For the present, however, there is no active inducement to to take an interest in the market one way or the other. At the same time, broadly, we shall require a large crop next season, and subsequent favourable weather conditions alone can secure us same, and we therefore think it a fair risk to buy both old and new crop positions in weak markets, considering the latter reasonable in the neighourhood of 6d.; and believing that the growing strength of the statistical position will fully maintain old crop months at their premium over new crop positions, and probably, later on, tend to widen same further.

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is quiet.

We quote :—

Ready ...	...	" 8 4 0	B.T.
Apl-May	...	Rs. 8 14 3	B.T.

RAPESEED :—

The market is quiet.

We quote :—

Brown Delhi Apl-May	Rs.	8 10 6	B.T.
Brown Cawnpore ready	"	7 13 0	B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore Apl.-May	...	" 9 2 0	B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—

Tone—Quiet.

Bold white 85 p.c.	Rs	59 8 0	
Mimbara ...	"	61 0 0	
Black Kutni ...	"	49 0 0	
Red Khandwa ...	"	55 0 0	

POPPYSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

April-May	...	Rs. 13 6 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready	...	Rs. 33 0 0
Forward	...	Rs. 35 8 0

COTTONSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready	...	Rs. 27 0 0

GROUNDNUTS :—

Tone—Steady

We quote.—

Bold ...	...	Rs.	52 0 0
Small ...	...	"	49 8 0

WHEAT :—

The market is quiet.

We quote :—

White Pussi ready 85 p.c.	Rs.	5 10 0 R T
White Delhi Apl.-May	"	5 9 6 R.T.

SHARES

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,675
Bank of India	...	65 C. D.
Eastern Bank	...	91
Indian Specie	...	63 1-4

MILLS.

David	...	497 1-2
Kohinoor	...	795
Manockji Petit	...	3,125
New Great Eastern	...	260
Standard	...	1,245

PRESS.

New Mofussil	...	85

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord		154
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre		177
Bombay S N Ordy	...	255
Colaba Land and Mill	...	1,5 0
Tata Iron and Stl Co Pre.		172 1-2
Tata Hydro E. P. S. Co., Ord.		645

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley	...	587 1-2

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p. m., yesterday :—

Cotton	...	33,333	bales.
Wheat	...	9,664	cwts.
Linseed	...	1,754	"
Rapeseed	...	1,955	"
Gingellyseed	...	14,445	"
Poppyseed	...	nil	"
Groundnuts...	...	1,647	"
Castorseed	...	1,465	"
Rice	...	2,357	"
Myrabollams.	...	4,922	"
Cottonseed	...	20,822	"
Mowrasseed	...	2,187	"
Gram	...	8,317	"
Joowar	...	2,537	"
Maize	...	nil	"
Barley	...	834	"

LONDON MARKETS.

[LONDON FEB. 22.] [BOMBAY, FEB. 23.]

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 -2 per cent. Consols	4 1-2	un	chgd
3 do. Rentes...	89	1-4	
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan...	80 1-4	un	chgd
do. Govt. Securities... ...	83 1-2	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London...	23 1-2	un	chgd
do. 2 months hence	23 5-16		·16
do in New York	Closed.		
Exchange on London at Paris.	25 25		·2
do. do at Berlin	20·49	1-2	
do do at New York	Closed.		
Discount Bank of England Rate	5	since	
do. Short London Bills.	17th Oct		
3 months' sight	4 7-8		1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight.	3-8	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5 1-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	5 1-8	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans... ...	4 3-4	un	chgd

Closing tone of Silver—Coins selling.

Bar Gold ...77-9 unchgd.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 27-32 unchgd.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Unchanged Quiet.
Futures	Quiet, Steady.
Total Sales	... 4,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	200
Imports	... 20,000
Mid-Americans	... 6·77 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	... 9·85 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May.-June.
6 51	6·51	6·51	6 51
+04	+04	+04	+04
June July	July-Aug.	Aug Sept.	Sept.-Oct. Oct.-Nov.
6·49	6·46	6 37	6 21 6·17
+03	+04	+03	+02 +03

American market closed to-day.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total into Sight... ...	... 41,480,000
Egyptian Visible Supply ...	... 417,000
East Indian do ...	... 132,000
American do ...	... 4,140,000
Other do ...	... 122,000
Total Sales ...	... 47,000
East Indian sales ...	... 100
Total Speculation ...	... 8,000
Do. Exportation ...	... 1,000
East Indian Export ...	... nil
Do. Indian Stock ...	... 4,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	... 500
Do. Actual Exports ...	... 100
Do. Week's Imports ...	... 1,000
Do. Speculation ...	... nil
Americans Afloat ...	... 120,000
East Indian ...	... 11,000
Total afloat ...	... 230,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi	.. Nominal,
Do. Months—	... .
Do. Name of Ports—	... .
Wheat White Karachi	... 40 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—	Feb.-Mar.
Do. Name of Ports—	London—Value
Wheat Red Karachi	... 39 3-4 unchgd
Do. Month—	Feb.-Mar.— London—Nominal.

Tone—Quiet.

Australian Wheat .. Unchanged—

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship	... 53 3-4unchgd
Do. Months—	... Mar.-May.
Do. Name of Ports—	Dunkirk—Sellers
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs, 85 p.c. ex-ship	... 54 3-4—1-4
Do Months	... April-May.
Do Name of Ports.	... Dunkirk—No offers.
Brown Cawnpore	... 48 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—Jan.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk Sellers	

Tone - Quiet.

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	... 48 1-2—1-2
Do. Months— Mar.-May.	
Do. Name of Ports— Antwerp—Buyers.	

Tone - Quiet

Linseed Argentine—La Plata	... 42+1-4
Do. Months—	... Feb.-Mar.
Do Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers.	
Linseed Calcutta ...	... 45 9
Do. Months—	... Apr.-June
Do. Name of Ports—London—Steady—Done	

COTTONSEED—

Bombay Cottonseed Market	... £ 7-6-6
Mar.-Apl.—Hull - Seller Quiet.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality)... ...	... Closed.

RUBBER—

Para Rubber	... 4—Feb.-Mar. Buyers steady

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C & F India double bags	... 13
Do. Months of Shipment	... May-Aug—Sellers.

Tone.—quiet.

Hungarian Crystal Sugar C & F India	... 12 7 1-2
Do. Months of Shipment	...Mar.Apl.—Sellers

Tone—Steady.

German Beet-root 88 p.c.	... 9 9 1-2—May—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	... 10 0 1-4—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.

Tone—quiet only limited viz.

SAR & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 14

Months of Shipments	Apl.-Aug. Sellers.

Tone—Quiet

Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay	... 12 7 1-2
Months of Shipments	... March.— Sellers.

Tone—Steady.

Java Sugar—Unchanged—

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 22.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot ... ... Quiet.

Do. The Liverpool market closed for futures ... ... Steady.

Do. The Liverpool market closed for East Indian ... ... do

Total Day's Sales ...	... 4,000 bales.
Sales on speculation and export	... 13,000 do
Total Sales of Surat	.....
Total Day's Imports	... 30,000
Coconada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F.	... 5 5-8
Cocanada Ginned—Ldn. C. I. F.	... 5 11-16
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ...	... 9 85
Good Bhownuggur	... 6 1 8d.
Good Bengal	... 5 11-16d.
F. G. Bengal	... 5 13-16d.
Fine Bengal	... 5 15-16d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn	... 6 1-4d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F.	... 6 25-32d.
Tone of Fine Yarns—	Steady.
Tone of Coarse Yarns—	do

General Tone of Yarn Market—Dull.

Mid American at Liverpool...	... 6 76
Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G O C Liverpool.	
Feb.-Mar.	... 6·51+4
Mar.-Apr.	... 6·51+4
Apr.-May	... 6·51+4
May-June	... 6·51+4
June-July	... 6·49+3
July-Aug.	... 6·46+4
Aug.-Sept....	... 6·37+3
Sept.-Oct.	... 6·24+2
Oct.-Nov.	... 6·17+2

MANCHESTER, Feb. 22.

Tone of market at close—Generally unchanged. Demand from China for staples. Business very little doing in shirting dhooties.

LONDON, Feb. 22.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...Apl. June—Ldn.— 45 9 Sellers

Do. Bombay ex-ship (per 416lbs) ... Feb.-Mar. —Antwerp —48 9 "

Do. La Plata...Feb.-Mar.—Hamburg— 43 "

Do. Tone of Market at close ... Steady

Do. Tendency of the Market— ... ..

Linseed Oil Spot Pipes. Feb.—£27 5 0

do ...Apr.-May.—£26 10-0 "

Do. Tone of Market at close ... Steady "

Do. total afloat for U. K.... .....

Poppyseed Canal...Apl-May.— H'burg— 72 "

Do. Tone of Market Close— Steady

Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship ...Feb.-Mar.—Antwerp 54 "

Do. Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship...Feb.-Mar.—Antwerp 55 "

Do. Ferozepore usual bold ... Feb.-Mar.— Antwerp— Nomi

Do. Jamba Red ... ... Nomi

Do. Tone of Market at close ... Steady

Cotton seed. Bombay parcels ... Feb.-Mar.— Hull—£7-1-6— "

Do. Tone of Market at Close... ... Steady

Gingelly Seed. Bombay 15 p.c.... Feb.-Mar.— London 62 9 "

Wheat. Choice white Karachi ...Feb.-Mar.— London— 40 3

Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 462 lbs.) —Feb.-Mar.—London 40

Do. Club No. 2 Feb.-Mar —London 40 3

Do. Choice white Delhi ..Feb.-March London Nomi

Do. Tone of Market at Close Steady

Do. South Australian ... .

Do. Rosario Santa Fe, 62 lbs ... No Sellers

Do. Red Graded American per central Mar.— 7 5 1-4

Do. Afloat to U. K. ... ... "

LONDON, Feb. 22.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Feb.— 9 9 3-4—Sellers	
German Beet 88 per cent F. O. B. Hamburg ...Mar.—9 11 1-4—Sellers	
" Closing Tone of Market ... Steady	
German Granulated C. and F. India, (double Bags) Feb.-Mar.—12 9 —Sellers	
German Granulated C. and F. India, (double Bags) Mar.-Apl.—12 10 1-2—Sellers	
German Closing Tone Market— Steady.	
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India ... Feb.-Mar.—12 7 1-2 —Sellers	
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India ...Mar.-Apl.—12 7 1-2 —Sellers	
Closing Tone of Market ... Steady	
Mauritius Crystals ...Feb.—12 4 1-2 "	
Do. Closing Tone of Market ... Steady	
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— Feb.-Mar.—13 10 1-2 "	
E. A. B. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags— Mar.-Apl.— 14 "	
Do. Closing Tone of Market.— Steady	

LONDON, Feb. 22.

JAVA SUGAR.

	Value
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ...	Feb.-Mar.—12 4 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ...	June —11
Java Sugar 16 1 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta ...	July-Dec.—10 7 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ...	Feb.-Mar.—12 6
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ...	June—11 1 1-2
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi ...	July-Dec.—10 9
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ...	Feb.-Mar.—12 9
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Calcutta ...	June—12 1 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ...	July-Dec.—11 10 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi	Feb.-Mar.—12 10 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi	June—12 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar Bom. or Karachi	July-Dec.—12
Closing Tone of Market ...	Quiet and unchanged
Special Feature ...	do

LONDON, Feb. 22.

METALS.

	£ s. d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	64 7 6
" Best English Selected	72 0 0
" Braziers...	70 0 0
" Tone of Market	...
Hard Spelter	...
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...
Yellow Metal	223 0 0
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G. O.	7
B 1, p.c. F O B L'pool ...	12 0 0
Pig Iron, No. 3 Cleveland...	3 6 6
" " No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro ...	3 6 6
" " No. 9 Clarence F O B Middlesboro ...	3 7 6
" " Gartsherrie ...	4 2 6
Lead Pig English ...	17 0 0
Tone of Steel Market ...	... Steady.
Silver, Spot ...	28 5-16
" 2 months hence ...	28 1-2
" Tone of Market— ...	Quiet.

LONDON, Feb. 20.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ...	28 5-16
Silver 2 months ...	28 1-2
" Closing Tone of Market—	Quiet with little doing.
" Tendency, etc, of the Market—	
Rentes 3 per cent ...	...£ 88 3-4
Consols 2 1-2 per cent	...£ 74 1-2
Indian Stock 3 1-2 per cent	...£ 90 1-4
Sterling loan ...	...£ 90 1-4
Govt Securities, 3 per cent	...£ 75 3-4
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent	...£ 63 1-2
Bar Gold per oz ...	... 77-9
Opening Tone of Finance Market—	Steady.
Closing " " —	Steady.
Bank of England Rate of Discount	5 p c
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight.	1 3 27-32
London at Paris Fcs	25·25 1-2
Berlin cheques on London Mks ...	20·48 1-2
New York (Demand Bills) dols ...	4 89 5-8
Interest day to day loans ...	4 5-8
" 7 days Market loans ...	4 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months sight.	4 15-16
" " " 6 " "	4 3-8
Fine Trade Bills 3 months ...	5 1-8
" " 6 " ...	5 1-8

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.—

Silver to Bombay	£	30,000
Gold to Bombay	£	240,000
Gold coin to Bombay	£	20,000

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 21.

COTTON WEEKLY FIGURES.

	Bales.
Total quantity in sight American ...	10,980,000
Egyptian Visible supply... ...	417,000
East Indian Visible supply ...	132,000
American Visible sup

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Linga, 957 tons, Captain H. M. Cutbush, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

The Bombay and Persia S. N. Co.'s steamer Alavi, 1,324 tons, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Jeddah with a general cargo and pilgrims.

The Steamer Manin, 2,614 tons, Captain R. Queslie, arrived in barbour on Saturday from Venice with a general cargo.

The Anchor Line Steamer Elysia 3,998 tons Captain J.A. Coverley sailed on Sunday for Liverpool via Marseilles with a general cargo and passengers.

The Steamer Lightning, 2,121 tons Captain J. F. Crookston sailed on Saturday for Calcutta &c, with a General cargo and passengers.

The Steamer Umtata, 1,662 tons Captain R. Kessler, &c, will sail to-day for Hull etc. with a general cargo and passengers.

The French Mail steamer Caledonian, 2,940 tons, Captain Fabre arrived in harbour on Friday from Marseilles with a general cargo and passengers. She sailed on Sunday for Noumea.

The steamer Glenmoor, 1,893 tons, Captain I. Jait arrived in harbour on Friday from Port said with ballast.

The steamer Kohiston 2,949 tons, Captain K. Owen, arrived in harbour on Friday from London 19th January with a general cargo.

The P. and O. Co's Mail steamer Egypt, 4,207 tons, Captain F. R. Summers, sailed on Saturday for London, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Canadian Transport, 2,653 tons, Captain W. Balantine, sailed on Sunday for Ocean Island via Borneo with ballast.

The Hansa Line steamer Ravenfels 3,523 tons, Captain Kucken, sailed on Saturday for New York via Karachi with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamor Bankura, 1,905 tons, captain B. H. Whyte Head, arrived in harbove on Saturday from Basreh with a general cargo and passengers.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Leslie., 2,499 tons, Captain C. W. Henderson, arrived in harbour in saturday from Darban with ballast.

The steamer kentucky, 4276, tons Captain A. Lee, arrived in harbour on Saturday form New York with a general cargo and oil.

The City Line steamer city of Athens, 3,571 tons Captain W. Knaut, arrived in harbour on Sunday from Liverpool, with a general cargo.

MEN-OF-WAR AND R.I.M. VESSELS.

H M S Highflyer...Capt R A Nugento .....R N Flag ship
H M S Philomel..... Comdr Ballard.....R Navy
H M S Sphinx ..... Comdr Geo J Todd .....pl Ser Sc
R I M S Hardinge ..Comdr G H Gibson .....Troopship.
R I M S Minto.....Comdr G H Finnis.....R I Marine
Amaya .....4359 Cochman .....Shanghai ..12-3 .. P & O Co
Alavi ....2324 Richard on..... Bo and S N Co
Arcadia ....4513 Beacham..... .....P & O Co
Angus ....2120 Dakers ..... A Yulland Co
Bengwela .....3470 Lane..... .....M M and Co
Cayahoga .....2929 Streeth-on ..W and A G and Co
Clonisham .....3 75 Willis ....
Clan Sinclair.....3241 Smith.....Liverpool etc..J F & Co
Faria..... .... 7-7 Coates ....Arab Steamers
Galawla ....2441 Secor ..W and A G and Co
Glenmoor .....1893 Tait..... ..W and A Graham & Co
Glostence .... 993 Richardson ....B P S N Co
Isac-Maru ....3673 Kominja..... ..N Y Kaisbao
Kobistan .....28-9 Owe ....M M and Co
Manin .... 2614 Queslie..... .....V S N Co

ARRIVALS

Feb.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
21	Glenmoor	Tait	Port Said Feb 6
21	Manin	Queslie	Venice Jan 3
	Canadonian	Fabre	Marseilles Feb 5
	Alavi	Richardson..	Jeddah Feb 8
	Linga	Cathush	Karachi Feb 10
	Bankura	Whytehead....	Basreh Feb 12
	Clan Leslie.....	Henderson....	Durham Feb 7
	Kentucky	Lee	New York Jan19
22	City of Athens ..	Knaut.....	Liverpool Jan 31
	Dumra	Mathison....	Basreh Feb 16

DEPARTURES.

Feb	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
21	Rangoon Maru	Kamoshita ...	Kobe
	Vindobona	Marconolich..	Trieste
	Seddah	J Hastons	Akyab
	Gorgiston	Paramourr..	London &c.
	Egypt	Summers.....	London
22	Canadian	Balantine....	Ocean Island
	Lightning	Crookston....	Calcutta
	Ravenfels	Kucken	New York
	Colonien	Fabre	Noumea
	Elysia	Coverly	Liverpool

The steamer Umtata, Captain Kerslake left her portclearances on Saturday for Hull.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Persia for London &c.
" Benwadia for Calcutta &c
" Bangwela for Liverpool &c.

TRAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. s. s. "Culna," left Suez on the morning of the 22nd instant. The same Co's. s. s. "Calaba," left Port Said on the morning of the 22nd inst. The same Co's. s. s. "Culna," left Port Said on the afternoon of the 21st inst. The same Co's. s. s. "Nigaristan," left Port Said on the afternoon of the 21st inst.

The Anchor Line s. s. "Scindia," arrived at Liverpool from Bombay on the evening of the 22nd instant.

Societa Nazionale Di Servizi Marittimi Co's. s. s. "Sardegna," from Bombay arrived at Aden on the 21st instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—FEB. 22.

FOR HAMBURG.

Chiltern Range s—100 cwts gum, S Khetsee, 2000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co; 200 cwts gum, M Jaferbhoy.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Leslie s—880 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 686 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 4002 cwts ground nuts, C. Boggiano and Co; 4,002 cwts groundnuts, E D Sassoon and Co.

Glenmoor s—1,540 bales cotton Volkart Brothers; 110 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 500 tons manganese ore, Shaw Wallace and Co; 1,998 cwts rapeseed, R S Forage; 2,001 cwts nigerseed, A Blascheck and Co; 373 cwts rapeseed, 5,941 cwts linseed, R S Forage; 1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 8,000 cwts bone spieces, Groß Mody and Co.

Lusna s—440 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 2,001 cwts groundnuts 1,500 cwt rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Lusna's—318 bales cotton Ralli Brothers; 4,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 2097 cwts myraballams, S. Cooverji and Co; 2,500 cwts myraballams, P. Mathooradas and Co.

FOR HULL.

Benguella s—4,000 cwts cotton seed, A. Henchilal and Co; 4250 cwts castorseed, B. S. Lloyd and Co; 8,000 cwts castorseed, Volkart Bros.

Arioste s—125 cottonseed, K. Kessowji and Co.

FOR ANTWERP

Catalone s—985 cwts barley, Volkart Bros: 150 cwts tin clipping, Chunilal G. Sheth; 2909 cwts linseed C. Boggiano and Co; 350 bales cotton waste C. Perajiand Co; 2,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts groundnuts, K. Devchand and Co: 130 bales hemp 120 bales cotton waste, K. Reeve and Co.

Persia s—100 tons manganese ore, Kiddle Reeve and Co.

Benguella s—2000 tons Manganese ore, The Central India M. and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Gablonz s—105 cwts gum P. Jethabhoy 102 cwts gum G. Sojpal 172 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR ODESSA.

Gablonz s—62 cwts gum, L. Arninchand 62 cwts gum J. Dossa.

FOR NEW YORK.

Rabenfels s—205 bales gunny cuttings, Salmon Bros.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Rabenfels s—160 bales cotton Salmon Bros.

FOR KOBE.

Indo-Maru s—2264 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

FOR MOJI.

Indo-Maru s—1963 bales cotton M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Indo-Maru s—1124 bales cotton, M. B. Kaisha.

THE
BURNS' CELEBRATION.

A series of Special Articles, in connection with the Scottish poet's celebration,

"THE HOMES OF BURNS"

will appear in the columns of the

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will appear on Saturday, March 1st, and will deal with

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Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

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J. BEBBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE PUBLIC are hereby informed that the Proprietors of the NATIONAL PRINTING PRESS, Fort, Bombay, have purchased the 'Crown Electric Printing Works', in Public Auction.

It is hardly necessary to mention, that our firm Estd in 1875, is the oldest firm of PRINTERS, STATIONERS, ENGRAVERS, Etc., WELL-KNOWN IN INDIA.

Now we request the large circle of our Patrons as well as the Old Customers of the late Crown Printing Works, to extend to us their kind sympathy and support, as they have so far done, and we assure them that we shall do all that lies in our power to give them entire satisfaction.

We have, owing to growing business, removed our Printing Department to the premises of our late Contemporaries.

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GRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose 150 deg.	5 13 2	do.
Chester Brand 125 deg.....	5 0 2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg. ...	4 12 2	do.
Tiger Brand 125 deg.	4 11 2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4 13 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins.)	4 3 0	per 2 tins
Camel Brand 125° (in tins).	4 3 0	do.
Elephant Brand 125° (in tins)	4 2 0	do.
do. do. 125° (in bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Delivories of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box No 309, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 24th February, 1913.

ROUMANIA AND BULGARIA.

ALTHOUGH the part that Roumania has played in the Balkan crisis has not been particularly heroic, it is possible that Fate, rather than deliberate choice, has determined her course of action. To some of the organs of public opinion in London, her attitude has seemed so despicable as to deserve reprobation, and her demands upon Bulgaria for compensation have been stigmatised as blackmail. But it is to be remembered that the Bulgarians have admitted the justice of some at least of the Roumanian claims; and the fact that the Roumanians are willing to submit their case to the decision of the Powers shows that they believe in the strength of their position. It is fairly certain that discussion on this matter took place, and that some understanding was reached before Bulgaria took up arms against Turkey. What the guarantee may have been, and whether it was given voluntarily by Roumania or forced from her by Russia, are questions of which the answers may never be disclosed; but it is evident that Bulgaria could not have undertaken the campaign without some assurance that Roumania would not move against her. Roumania's army is about the same size as Bulgaria's, and so far as is known, the military strength and equipment of the two countries is nearly equal; and Bulgaria could hardly have moved a regiment with a hostile neighbour in her rear. For Roumania's neutrality, Bulgaria has now to pay; and Bulgaria has recognised that this would be so all along. Even the principle of compensation by the surrender of territory has been mutually accepted; and the only question that remains for settlement is the readjustment of the frontier line.

Like all the Balkan difficulties this, too, is historic. It goes back, to keep within modern limits, to the congress held at Berlin in 1878, at which Roumania's claim to Bessarabia was disallowed by the Powers. Roumania was discontented, and had some right to feel aggrieved. It seemed to her that she had been robbed; and considering that she had fought for others much more than for herself, it seemed to her that she was entitled to a specially rich reward. For, although Roumania entered unwillingly upon the campaign against Turkey in 1877, the Roumanian contingent, by common consent, fought well and bravely, and distinguished itself in particular at the long and strenuous siege of Plevna. At that time the Roumanians had no quarrel with the Turks. Having enjoyed complete internal independence since the time of the Crimean War, when the two principalities of Wallachia and and Moldavia were united under the present name of the country, the Roumanians had no desire to espouse the Slavonic cause. It was a small matter to Russia whether the Roumanian army fought with her or against her; but the Russian troops had to pass through Roumanian territory in order to cross the Danube; and so the Roumanians were told. Even then, they tried to remain neutral; and they would have been quite pleased to give passage to the Russian troops without joining in the struggle themselves. Turkey, however, would not have this; and being forced to choose between Turks and Slavs, the Roumanians wisely for themselves chose what proved to be the winning side in the war.

But when accounts came to be settled, so far from reaping any territorial advantage, Roumania actually saw herself despoiled by Russia of the provinces of Bessarabia which had been assigned to Moldavia by the Treaty of Paris in 1856. Whatever the reasons Russia's action may have been, it was on the face of it a hardship that Roumania should have to suffer in this way at the hands of the very Power who had led her into war. The offence has ever since rankled in Roumania's memory, and intensified that natural antagonism which already existed between the Roumanians and the Slavs. For the former are not Slavs, and in the welter of Balkan politics, ethnological, differences certainly do not mitigate the conflict of political interests. The name 'Roumania' was adopted just to mark the Vlachs off from the surrounding and more numerous race, and to keep alive the tradition of the western origin of the Roumanian people; and, as is now well-known, the sympathies, and even the interests, of the nation incline them to an Austrian, rather than to a Russian, alliance, The King is German, being a prince of the elder Hohenzollern line; and the Roumanians irritated by, among other things, religious differences and slights upon their church in Macedonia, are not in the mood to join a predominantly Slavonic League. They have, therefore, chosen the present time to ask back a bit of what they consider their own; and since they dare not ask it from Russia, they ask it from Russia's less powerful ally. What amount of support they have been promised by Austria, is one of those problems that diplomatists must seek to solve, and which only the test of war would settle; but the insistence of Roumania's demands is evidence that she expects some backing in the event of trouble. That is where the danger has lain. No one can yet say what is to happen in the Balkans; and with the return of spring, spirits and tempers may rise again and a general melee result. But it is so far satisfactory that the two principalities most concerned in the settlement of the Roumanian difficulty have consented to refer the issue between them to the arbitration of the Powers. Roumania's desire for a scientific frontier is in itself intelligible; and since Bulgaria is willing to meet her, the rest of the world, though they may dislike Roumania's action, will be glad to see a probable cause of strife in the Balkan region removed.

THE BODLEIAN CELEBRATION.

THE University of Oxford gratefully celebrated the tercentenary of the death of Sir Thomas Bodley, one of its greatest benefactors, for the Bodleian Library is one of its chiefest glories. Sir Thomas was not technically the founder of the University Library, for, as early as 1480, sixty-five years before Bodley's birth, Oxford acquired both the building and books by gift from various persons among whom the chief was the Duke of Gloucester, Shakespeare's 'good Duke Humphrey.' But in the sixteenth century, during the period of the Reformation, owing partly to careless management and partly to Protestant zeal, nearly all the books disappeared, and when the reign of Elizabeth commenced, the University had to sell the empty presses and other fittings, as there was no hope of restoration, and the walls of the library building lay bare. In this desolate state it continued for more than forty years, when towards the very close of that stormy century, its good star began to shine again and an enthusiast in the person of Bodley took it in hand and in a few years made it worthy of Oxford and England. Bodley was a distinguished diplomatist of the day who, having rendered valuable service to his country at foreign courts, was casting about for some work by which he should still do, as he himself says, the true part of a profitable member of the state, and at last resolved to devote himself to his own University of Oxford and provide it with books and fit up its old library which he found in every part lying ruined and waste. He offered his services to the University which, of course, gratefully accepted them in February 1578, and soon by his gratuitous labours and great influence, collected great stores of books which came in from all quarters, chiefly from hisfriends, at home andabroad, where he had served. He had acquired a fortune by marrying a rich widow, and this he willingly spent on his new and self imposed task. In the very first year he found that money must be spent not only on books but also on the building, because the timber-work of the house was found to be rotten and had to be replaced. He employed a London bookseller to travel on the continent as his agent for purchases there, and in several other ways he showed his zeal practically for the library. In less than five years the Library was again opened for use, with upwards of two thousand volumes, and in 1604 James I, who had recently succeeded to the throne, granted letters patent styling the library after him—Bodley's Library. This was practically the first public library in Europe, the second being that of Angelo Rocca at Rome, founded a few months after in this very year, 1604. James also knighted him on the occasion, and the next year himself visited the Library to show his great appreciation of the man and his work. He lived and worked for his pet institution for several years, dying at the end of January 1613 at the age of 67. The University has done well to honour his memory on the solemn occasion of the three hundredth anniversary of his demise, as he not only spent the latter part of his life and his fortune in serving the University, but also bequeathed the greater part of what remained of his property to it, assigning only small legacies to his relatives, who grumbled much in consequence. His wife died a little earlier, but left no children.

MR. GOKHALE AS SPORTSMAN!

WE know the Hon. Mr. G. K. Gokhale in many aspects. We know him grave, we know him smiling; know him the serious debater, ready with either foil or sword for his opponent; we also know him blithely humorous in congenial company; but how many of us know him as sportsman—sea sportsman? On his recent voyage from England to South Africa he passed, no doubt, hours, even days, in anxious thought how best to serve his countrymen and the Empire in the new mission he had undertaken. Yet his responsibilities did not affect his recreation, and on the authority of a lady, whose word cannot be doubted—Miss Violet Markham—he became known on board as "a specialist in deck quoits." Miss Markham, under the title of "The South African Scene"—a close adaptation of Mr. Spender's "Indian Scens"—is describing, for the benefit of the readers of the "Westminster Gazette," her experiences on revisiting South Africa after an absence of twelve years. The article which appeared in the "Westminster" of January 6, is concerned with her arrival at Capetown. It was impossible for a writer, with eyes to see, to overlook the strongly marked Indian aspect of the scene. It is easily explained when she mentions that "we had on board a distinguished Indian statesmen, the Hon. Mr. "Gopal Gokhale." The brief tribute, which follows, is a pleasant side-light on the character of the Indian and the incidents of the voyage. Miss Markham describes Mr. Gokhale as "a popular and well liked passenger during the voyage, and a specialist in deck quoits, who had come to investigate the thorny question of the position of Asiatic subjects of the Crown in South Africa." The eagerness and enthusiasm of the welcome given to Mr. Gokhale by his countrymen is picturesquely described: the garlanding, the bouquets, and finally the "flower-decked landau with four horses, which carried away our late fellow-passenger in state amid the cheers of the crowd." "It says much for the universal liking and esteem felt on board for Mr. Gokhale," adds the writer, "that this demonstration, raising as it did some of the most acute South African prejudices, passed off without criticism or comment from the Europeans who looked on." Miss Markham, by the way, is impressed by the general tidying-up and speeding-up of life in Capetown; but she misses the welcome splashes of colour formerly lent to the drab streets by the Malay cab-drivers and the Malay women in their brilliant shawls and scarves. "Progress has arrived," she observes pathetically, "and we must make the best of it in Capetown, as elsewhere." That all traces of the war have disappeared also impresses her, but she sees "a nation with its feet on the solid ground and a new factor of mutual respect."

KARACHI WHEAT AND DIRT.

KARACHI, we should say, easily leads the way amongst all Indian towns, in the adroitness with which it succeeds constantly in advertising its possibilities for trade and its growing importance. It will probably keenly resent the advertisement, which the worst quality of its principal export has recently received. Every body knows of course that the Punjabi grower of wheat considers it his right, as a matter of business custom, to dilute his grain up to a well-recognised percentage with dirt, but this is a fact which it is not necessary to noise abroad, and Karachi exporters will not be pleased to see it stated with much publicity that Karachi wheat is a byword at Home on account of the quantity of dirt in it. This was stated at the P. W. D. Congress in Lahore the other day, when Mr. Victor Bayley, an Assistant Engineer on the North-Western Railway, who had recently given some attention to the subject at Karachi; and during a trip Home, read a paper. He emphasised the dirtiness of Karachi wheat, saying that he had been struck, at London, by the fact that while other wheat flowed out of ships' holds in a clean, golden stream, Karachi grain came out in "a disgusting fog" of dirt and dust clogging the machinery and exasperating the bystanders." Mr. Bayley, who had paid special attention to the working of grain elevators, strongly recommended them to Karachi, remarking that above other things they would enable the Port authorities to prevent the shipment of bad and dirty grain. The elevator system would also be of benefit both to the growers and the railway, which has to carry their grain. Mr. Bayley pointed out that under the existing system, grain has to be rushed to the markets without regard to the demand, while, on the other hand, the railways are compelled to provide costly facilities in the shape of wagons, locomotives, sidings, and terminal handling appliances, which are idle for a large part of the year. The result is that the cultivator does not sell his produce to the best advantage, and the railway's expenses are unduly increased. There is no question that with the rapid increase of the quantity of wheat, which the Punjab sends to Karachi, the Port authorities will have to make up their minds very soon, what measures they will take in order to handle it expeditiously and advantageously, and Mr. Bayley's paper is an admirable contribution to an important discussion.

RAI BAHADUR SUKHDIAL, a lvocate, a leading member of the Lahore Bar, has been appointed Chief Justice of Jammu and Kashmir State.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. "Nubia" arrived in London in the evening of the 21st. instant.

MR. MONTAGU and Mr. Peel have arrived in Mysore and are the guests of the Maharaja. They leave for two days' shooting to-morrow.

AMONG the passengers who proceeded to Europe on Saturday by the P. and O. Co.'s mail steamer Egypt were Lord Kingsale, Hon. Violet de Courcy, Ven-arch and Mrs C. Price and the Right. Hon. Sir George Taubman Golnie, P.C., K.C.M.G.

The poultry feminine is over. At a conference between the Commissioner of Police, the Deputy Chairman of the Corporation and poulterers to-day, the officers promised that baskets in which fowls were brought in should be standardised and prosecutions for overcrowding would then cease as the number of fowls to be packed in each size of the basket would be specified. Dealers were satisfied with this promise.

The use of the Bamboo for the manufacture of wood-pulp has been taken up in Chittagong. No fewer than 19¼ millions of bamboo were cut during the past official year in the usual course of removal of minor forest products. There is an interesting forest tree which goes by the common name of *muli bamboo*, which grows very luxuriantly in the Chittagong division. Botanically, it is know, as *Melocanna bambusioides*. It is very much like a bamboo and yet not one. It does not seed often, but last year it did so very freely in Chittagong, as well as in the Chittagong tracts. It is an important economic plant and should come in handy for the manufacture of wood-pulp for paper-making.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS

THE KAISER AS HE IS.

Anglo-German Amity.

FRENCH NAVY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, FEB. 8.

The speech of Prince Dichnowsky, the recently accredited German Ambassador to the Court of St. James's, at the Hotel Cecil on Saturday night, is favourably commented on Peru and in Berlin. He emphasised eloquently the German nation's desire for the restoration and maintenance of peace throughout Europe and the continuance of the present cordial accord between Germany and Great Britain. The German people, he said, are a peaceful people in the best sense of the word, notwithstanding that their glorious past is due to success in war, and I should like to add, continued the Ambassador, thanks to their strong position, which compels respect. The intimate relations you have been able to form during the many years you have lived in this beautiful country, where you have found a second home, are the result of the peaceful policy which the German Empire has consistently pursued under the rule of our Emperor, who regards it as one of his noblest duties to foster these good relations with this powerful and kindred island people. It must have been specially evident to you during the last few months that the Government of the Empero, regards it as its paramount duty to work in accord with our allies and in harmony with the friendly British to maintain European peace. We may, therefore, still express the hope that the meeting of the Ambassadors who have been brought together through the instrumentality of Sir Edward Grey will lead to the desired goal—the preservation of peace. With a good understanding and friendship between Great Britain and Germany and with both resolved to advance unremittingly the work of industrial development, I believe we may look forward without anxiety to whatever vicissitudes the future may bring forth. I have learned with especial gratification of the brilliant result of the appeal for founds to commemorate His Majesty's Jubilee (twenty-fifth year of reign) by works of charity and peace. This satisfactory result is not only a splendid proof of the patriotic spirit which is manifest among the members of the German colony on all occassions, but also of the prosperity which Germans enjoy, thanks to the long years of our policy of peace, and I am convinced that our most gracious Sovereign will see in these donations not only a sign of personal attachment but also a mark of approval of his policy, which aims at cementing the intimate relations existing between Germany and Great Britain. The present year seems to me to be a particularly appropriate time for glancing back and reviving memories recalling the events of a hundred years ago—the era of Napoleon—which helped to found the greatness of Prussia and of the German nation. The aspiration towards high ideals is not dead in the soul of the German people, and the respect which we command from other nations is due to the knowledge that we all are ever ready to subordinate our individual interests to the ends of our national policy. As a splendid example of this patriotic fulfilment of duty which caused him to devote himself to the service of the Fatherland to the end, my predecessor, the late Baron Marschall von Bieberstein—too soon lost to us—will remain in our memories. His great aptitude for statemanship caused his personality to be honoured far beyond the boundaries of our Fatherland. We all think of him to-day, when an occasion for rejoicing has brought us together, and we will express the wish that his true German spirit and greatness of character may serve as an example to be imitated by future generations. But before all, to-day let us direct our eyes towards the wearer of the Crown whose vigorous nature affords us a guarantee that the destinies of our Fatherland will be directed with caution and firmness and whose love of peace gives us the surest pledge for the continuation of the policy whose constant aim has been the preservation of peace. We in Germany, surrounded as we are by powerful neighbours, are more exposed than any other nation of the Continent of Europe to the vicissitudes of historical development. We cannot do without a powerful united Government and we therefore require a powerful Sovereign. We can regard our present Emperor as a splendid representative of this theory and we can rejoice that we are therefore in a position to meet any eventualities which might result in a disturbance of peace and to a circumscribing of German power.

Our Emperor, who is a true friend of this beautiful country, is, I may say, not only beloved and admired by us, but the warmest sympathy is felt for him here in England, and, therefore, it seems to us that his personality is particularly adapted to draw the two nations yet closer together.

"THE KAISER AS HEI S."

"The Kaiser as He Is" is the title of an interesting article by Baron von Dewitz, Chamberlain of the Grand Ducal Court of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, in the February "Munsey's Magazine." The Chamberlain gives this sketch of the Kaiser's day:—He works harder and longer than the American business man. With true Prussian punctiliousness he gets up at six o'clock sharp every morning, rain or fine. The only exception to this iron rule is when he rises at four o'clock, or even earlier, to attend a military review or similar function, and when he travels by rail, the rising hour then being set for seven o'clock. Before the Imperial Chancellor and his Ministers make their law-bidden calls, to present a survey of the day's political outlook, His Majesty has already put in more than an hour's reading of the principal German and foreign newspapers. Of course, the Kaiser cannot read all the papers. In order not to miss anything of vital interest, however, he has for many years maintained a small staff of trained readers, who work in seven languages under the searching eye of a Prussian officer, with specific instructions to cut and clip the essential news appertaining to questions and issues in which the Monarch is specially interested. These cuttings are pasted on large cards and inserted in a loose-leaf portfolio of morocco leather bearing the Imperial arms. At precisely seven o'clock, the officer presents the portfolio, from which the Kaiser proceeds to draw information, making blue-pencil remarks in the margins as he goes along, criticising or approving the selections made. By thus systematising and selecting his newspaper and magazine reading, the Kaiser has reached a point where he is easily the best-informed and best technically trained Monarch on any throne. At the time when the change from the reciprocating to the turbine engine was made in the German navy it was the Kaiser, not his Ministers, who furnished the technical arguments that won the day. His night reading, which is done when he is in bed, is of a more contemplative kind than his rapid morning survey of the news. Definite rules govern his night studies also. On his bedtable there must be an enormous paper pad with a large blue pencil attached by a string. The light must fall on what His Majesty is reading, and not on his face. Nobody is allowed access to this pad library, which now amounts to several tall volumes, but certain particulars have leaked out. Curiously enough, in his pad caligraphy the Kaiser employs both Latin and German letters—sometimes even for the spelling of single word. He has a passion for abbreviation, and he omits a superfluous "e" wherever possible. These pad notes show that the Kaiser's intellectual machinery works at a high rate of speed. Thus he writes almost invariably "infantri." dropping the "e"; or he will say "Flignar Adlr," instead of "Fliegender Adler."

A JOKE WITH HIS OFFICERS.

A Uhlan commander got the following salute:—"Superb, colonel; could not be better! You have the smartest Fahnrich in the service, but the magnificent rascal oversteps—fully six metres in advance of his proper position! I'll blame it on the horse this time—splendid beast!" Some of the bristling moustaches present began to quiver ominously. "Of course, I mean the horse!" the Kaiser added; and then everyone had a laugh, in which His Majesty was the first to join. The Fahnrich must ride a certain distance in front of the mounted band. Attached to his saddle are two silver drums, on which he plays a tattoo before the band opens up. He has a drumstick in each hand and is obliged to steer his cantering horse entirely by knee action. The Kaiser loses no chance to preach frugality and economy to his officers, because he believes that too much luxury is incompatible with the demands of the strict military discipline of the German army. Once, after a military encampment, he "announced" himself as guest for luncheon at the officers' mess of a Feldjager corps. The Kaiser made it conditional that special arrangements were not to be made for him, as he wished to share with his officers in an ordinary every day mess luncheon. He particularly insisted that if any champagne were served, it should not be an expensive brand, and he expressed his preference for good, honest German beer. A lieutenant hit upon the ruse of pasting the label of an inferior brand upon some bottles of the best champagne. No sooner had the monarch tased the wine than he began to smack his tongue, after the manner of a connoisseur of vintages. Once again he brought the glass to his lips, and, looking across the rim, he caught the guilty expression of the offender. The Kaiser put down his glass and leaned back in his chair. "If this is cheap champagne," he said, "such as I ordered to be served, will you please serve a bottle of your best?" All the officers reddened to the hair-roots, and the mess captain rose to explain and make such apology as he could offer. Before he could utter a word, the Kaiser was in good humour again. He waved his hand and said, smilingly: "No matter; I understand. If you gentlemen ever entice me again to this mess, I shall insist on having Felsener served in flowerpots:"

FRENCH NAVY.

A daring innovation has been decided on by the Superior Council of the French navy in the design of the four battleships which are to be laid down this year. They will be armed with twelve 13.4-inch guns, as compared with the ten of last year's ships, and they will have the weapons housed in only three turrets, each containing four guns. A proposal for an armament of sixteen 12-inch in four turrets was negatived, but the principle of the quadruple turret has been definitely adopted. The three-gun turret has already come into considerable favour. The Italian Dreadnought Dante Alighieri and the Austrian Viribus Unitis, both of which are in commission, have twelve 12-inch guns in four triple turrets, and the four battleships completing in Baltic yards for the Russian fleet are similarly equipped. The United States battleships Nevada and Oklahoma will have six of their ten 14-inch guns in triple turrets, and the 31,000-ton Pennsylvania, authorised last year, will probably have her twelve 14-inch guns in four turrets only.

It was at first intended to lay down two of the French vessels on May I this year, and the others on January 1, 1914. Before he left office, however, M. Delcasse decided to expedite the laying down of the second pair, and these will now be placed on the stocks on October 1 next, representing an acceleration of three months. Languedoc and the Normandie will be the first to be laid down, the former at the yard of the Forges et Chantiers de la Mediterranee, at La Seyne, and the latter at Saint Nazaire. The two other ships will be built in the national yards, the Flandre at Brest and the Gascogne at Lorient. The principal characteristics of the ships will be as follows:—They will be 574 feet long and 87·6 feet in beam, with a draught of 28 feet 3 inches, and a displacement of 25,200 tons. In addition to their main armament of twelve 13·4 inch guns, firing shells of 1190lb., they will have 24 5·5-inch weapons for defence against torpedo craft and six submerged torpedo tubes. In each department they will, therefore, have two weapons more than their immediate predecessors of the Bretagne group, which have ten 13.4-inch, 22 5.5-inch guns, and four torpedo tubes on a displacement of 23,124 tons. The main armour of the new ships will be 12.6 inches thick and they will steam 21 knots with a combination of turbines and reciprocating engines. France's first two Dreadnoughts, the Jean Bart and Courbet, are expected to be ready for their trials in the spring. Like the France and Paris, which were launched last autumn, they are armed with 12 12-inch guns. The Bretagne and Province, laid down last year, will be launched in April, and will be followed into the water later in the year by the Lorraine, which was laid down to replace the ill-fated Liberty. By the end of the present year, the Dreadnought strength of France will have reached the following respectable total:—Complete (end of 1913): Jean Bart and Courbet, 23,100 tons; armament, twelve 12-inch and 22 5·5-inch. Launched: France and Paris (sisters to the Jean Bart), Bretagne Province, and Lorraine, 23,124 tons; armament, ten 13.4-inch and 22 5.5 inch. Building: Languedoc, Normandie, Flandre, and Gascogne, 25,200 tons; armament, twelve 13.4-inch and 24 5.5-inch

KAISER'S SON HOAXED.

The Alsatian capital of Strasburg was half amused and half infuriated on Wednesday in consequence of a joke perpetrated by an individual who apparently combined a sharp sense of humour with a certain admiration for "Captain Kopenick" and his methods. Early morning the Governor of Strasburg received a telegram from Weissenburg, a small town near Cassel, where the German Emperor often stays saying that his Majesty was coming from there to Strasburg, where he would arrive at mid-day. Without hesitation, the Governor notified the military commander and officials, and the garrison turned out in parade dress and formed for review at the Polygon where also the Governor and the Statthalter and the Emperor's youngest son, Prince Joachim, who at present is a student at Strasburg University, assembled before going to meet his Majesty at the station. As a matter of fact, at this very moment the Kaiser, together with the Crown Prince, was at Konigsberg, at the other end of the Empire, engaged in celebrating the centenary of the beginning of the rising of Prussia against French domination. This everyone present at the the parade might have known had they read the "Official Gazette." The Emperor in fact, has not been near Weissenburg for six months. All this was not discovered until early in the afternoon, when, as the Emperor did not arrive, telephonic inquiries were made of the Weissenburg authorities. The latter were, of course, as much puzzled as the inquirers. At three o'clock the troops returned to barracks, and the inhabitants were informed that they could

HOPEFUL OUTLOOK.

TURKEY WILL ACCEPT MEDIATION.

Both Sides Exhausted and Impoverished.

PORTE'S TERMS AND OFFER TO BRITAIN.

Pronouncement by Italy's Premier.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 21.

In view of the indecisive nature of the war operations, and the intense cold and exhaustion, physical and financial alike, Turkey and the Allies, the idea of an effective mediation by the Powers is gaining ground. Turkey is willing to accept mediation, and a movement on the part of the Allies is now awaited.

The Servian delegate yesterday informed Sir Edward Grey and the Ambassadors that Servia associates herself entirely with the Montenegrin demand regarding Scutari. Servia also insists that Djakova and Dibra shall remain outside Albania, contrary to the Austrian demand.

TURKISH ATTITUDE.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

Hakki Pasha, interviewed by Reuter, said his mission in London was merely semi-official. He declared that the Turks wanted territory in Thrace to make Constantinople, the Sea of Marmora, and the Dardanelles, secure. Adrianople was only one of the points on which they insisted. They asked Europe to intervene because peace resulting from direct negotiations between the belligerents was apparently out of the question. The Turks insisted on the retention of the Ægean Islands.

FOR BRITAIN'S SUPPORT.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

In the course of an interview with Reuter, Hakki Pasha explicitly denied that he was instructed to offer concessions to Britain in connection with the Bagdad Railway and Koweit, to secure Britain's special support. Turkey must know that the religious and other rights of Moslems were secured. She had no interest to continue the war as the territory lost could not be recovered.

A STUBBORN DEFENCE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, FEB. 22.

The cannonade continues at Adrianople.

A Bulgarian aeroplane, piloted by a Russian lieutenant, descended in the Turkish lines and was captured. A strong force of Bulgarians, advancing from Kadikoui, were repulsed after two hours' fighting. Simultaneously, other forces of the enemy advanced and occupied hills of Ilbassan, but the Turkish Volunteers recaptured the positions in a night attack.

ITALIAN INTERESTS.

ROME, FEB. 22.

The Marquis San Giuliano, Foreign Minister, in the course of a statement in the Chamber, emphasised that all peoples and Governments had the lofty sentiment that it was their duty not to unchain a terrible conflict for inadequate causes. All the Powers recognised the territorial integrity of Asiatic Turkey as an essential factor in the balance of power, and a guarantee of European peace. The formula Balkans for the Balkan peoples" was the solution most satisfactory to Italy, and Europe, but it could only be attained by a series of compromises conforming to ethnographic conditions, while conciliating the moral and material interests of the Great Powers. The possession of Libya solved for Italy the balance of power in Northern Africa, but did not diminish her interests in the balance of power in the Mediterranean. If, by the force of events, remarkable territorial changes should occur in the Mediterranean, Italy would not remain an inert spectator, but would exact consideration of her position as a Mediterranean Power. No one, nowadays, had the right to call the Mediterranean *Mare Nostrum*. It must remain a free way for the nations. The present situation in the Mediterranean satisfied the political and economic interests of Italy, which, like the other Powers, desired it to be maintained on that basis.

Italy's relations with France and Great Britain, as her neighbours in Africa, continued to be inspired with the spirit of equity and friendliness governing existing agreements.

A CONDITION OF PEACE.

SOFIA, FEB. 23.

The Ministry of Finance has issued a statement declaring that the payment of an indemnity by Turkey is an essential condition of the conclusion of peace; but immediate payment is not demanded.

GENERAL ARBITRATION.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 23.

The "Statesman" publishes the following special cable dated London, Feb. 22 :—

There is every reason to believe that the great Powers will not only arbitrate in the Bulgarian-Rumanian quarrel, but will also be asked to resolve upon the question of general peace in the Balkans.

EMPRESS OF CHINA.

Death of a Remarkable Woman.

PEKING, FEB. 22.

The Empress Dowager died this morning after a brief illness, probably of appendicitis.

The Empress Dowager in her last few days had occasional periods of acute illness. The Government yesterday summoned the Emperor's guardian. The Dowager in the afternoon had fever, and was thereafter delirious.

Rumours of suicide spread, owing to the impending transfer of the Imperial family to the Western Palace, in order to make room for the Government at the Eastern. The Empress, however, herself suggested the transfer, and circumstances entirely disprove the theory of suicide.

[Sung Yu, the widow of the Emperor Kwangsu, was the Dowager Empress who was notable for her unsuccessful struggle, beginning in 1910, against the reform policy of the Regent Prince Chun, one of the most enlightened of the Manchu Princes. The new Emperor, Pu Yi, a nephew of Kuangsu, was a son of the regent who had the firm support of Yuan-shi-kai then just reaching the close of his first period of power.]

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated to a nicety impossible with solid fuel.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

Plot to Kidnap Cabinet Ministers.

PUBLIC STIRRED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 22.

Mrs. Pankhurst, speaking at Chelsea last night, reaffirmed her responsibility for the recent outrages and defied the Government. A representative of the Home Office took notes of the speech, which was interrupted by a disorderly audience.

In interviews, correspondence and editorials, the newspapers discuss the problem of dealing with the "militant nuisance," and suggest the infliction of heavy fines in addition to imprisonment.

It is stated that the authorities have been informed of a plot to kidnap Cabinet Ministers.

Special precautions have been taken to guard the Oxford boat at Putney, owing to fears of attack by the Suffragists.

PRIVATE DAMAGE SUITS

LONDON, FEB. 22.

There are nearly a hundred private actions for damages pending against Mrs. Pankhurst and other members of the Militant Suffragettes Union.

LATER.

Mrs. Despard and other "militant" Suffragettes were howled down by audience at Suffragette meeting at Thornton Heath yesterday. The police were compelled to protect the women from violence, and clear the hall.

MRS. PANKHURST IGNORED.

CALCUTTA, FEB. 23.

A special cable to the Statesman dated London, Feb. 22, states :—

The Law officers have decided that no action shall be taken against Mrs. Pankhurst in regard to the speech in which she declared that she personally accepted full responsibility for the blowing-up of Mr. Lloyd-George's house.

LLOYD GEORGE OUTRAGE.

Chancellor Reads the News to his Friends.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

Mr. Lloyd George, who was motoring from Paris to Nice, was compelled to stay in the village of Paulhan owing to heavy snow. While there he bought some papers, and read of the blowing up of his house by the Suffragettes to Sir Rufus Isaacs and his other companions.

THE BARODA CARPET.

Loan to India Museum in London.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

The Gaekwar of Baroda has loaned to the India Museum at South Kensington a panel of the celebrated pearl carpet to be exhibited in the Jewel Room for a period of six months. The only previous occasions on which any portion of the carpet has left Baroda was the loan of the canopy of the carpet to Lord Curzon's Durbar Exhibition at Delhi and about twelve months ago the loan of a portion of it to the Exhibition of Old Bombay, held on the occasion of Their Majesties visit. The panel was brought to England during the Gaekwar's visit in 1911.

NEW P. AND O. LINER.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

The new P. and O. Liner "Nagoya" has been launched from Caird's yard at Greenock. She is a vessel of 7,000 tons, and is intended for the intermediate service between Calcutta and Japan.

THE MARCONI CONTRACT.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

The Marconi Company has written to the Post Office insisting on the cancellation of their contract after the 1st of March. They add that they will be prepared to reconsider the matter, when it has been definitely decided to build Imperial stations.

LORD KNOLLYS.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

Lord Knollys is about to retire from his post of Secretary to the King.

THE "TITANIC" DISASTER.

Claims by Victims' Relatives in the U. S. A.

NEW YORK, FEB. 22.

A decision of the Circuit Court of Appeals permits relatives of the vicitims of the "Titanic" disaster to begin suits for damges in connection with the wreck.

The authorities of the White Star Line expect that claims aggregating ten million dollars will be filed.

EX-PRESIDENT CASTRO.

NEW YORK, FEB. 22.

Ex-President Castro of Venezuela has left for Cuba.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

The death has occurred of Sergeant T. Ashford, V.C.

The death is announced of Surg.-Genl. George Bidie.

[Surg.-Genl. George Bidie, C.I.E., who will be well remembered in Madras was Hon. Surgeon to the late Queen-Victoria, the late King Edward, King George V and the Viceroy of India. He was born in 1830 and Educated in Edinburgh where he gained his L. R. C. S. and L.M. degrees at University. He was appointed to the Hon. East India Company's Madras Medical Service in 1856 and rose to be Surgeon-General in that presidency. He saw field service in the Mutiny, for which he earned the medal and a good service pension. The late Dr. Bidie was decorated for the discovery of a preventive for an insect pest which threatened the extinction of the coffee plantations in South India. He was the author of several works on medicine, and the natural products and coins of Southern India.]

MADERO'S POSITION.

United States Speak on his Behalf.

ARMED ARGUMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEB. 22.

The United States has intimated to President Huerta that it will seriously object to the summary execution of ex-President Madero.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 22.

Four infantry regiments under Brigadier Smith have been ordered to Galveston, prepared for instant embarkation.

WASHINGTON, FEB. 22.

A detachment of field artillery, engineers, hospital, ambulance and bakery, has been ordered to Galveston. This will bring the force sent by the United States up to 3,500. It is expected that a cavalry division will also be sent.

It is stated that the execution of ex-President Madero and his advisers without the due process of law will be regarded by the United States as a direct challenge.

RISINGS IN THE COUNTRY.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

It is likely that sometime will elapse before Mexico is pacified. The Governors of several provinces, who are friends or relatives of ex-President Madero, are raising forces in his interest. President Huerta explains that his reason for detaining Senor Madero was to secure the latter's safety, recalling the attacks upon the train of Senor Porfirio Diaz, when he left Mexico City.

It is reported that ex-President Diaz, who is at present in Egypt, is returning to Mexico, where President Huerta affirms that he will adopt Diaz methods of governing.

OPIUM IN THE STRAITS.

Retail Price Raised by Twenty per cent.

SINGAPORE, FEB. 22.

Government has again raised the retail price of opium by twenty per cent. It is now at nine pounds sterling per pound avoirdupois, which is double its cost two years ago.

STEAMER WRECKED.

Containing Karachi Cargo for Venice.

LONDON, FEB 22

The s. s. "Ada", while engaged in transhipping cargo from Trieste to Venice, was wrecked. She had on board 580 bales of cotton out of the "Marquis Bacqueheim" from Karachi, and 570 bags of sago out of the "Nippon" from Singapore.

THE SCOTT FUNDS.

Government will Provide for Dependents.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

Mr. Asquith has informed the Lord Mayor that Government proposes to provide out of national funds for all the relatives and dependants of Captain Scott and his four companions, so that they will be in as good a financial position; as if the disaster had not occurred.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

The amalgamated Scott Funds now amount to thirty thousand pounds.

FOOTBALL IN ENGLAND.

Results of Third Round of Association Cup.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

The matches in the third round of the Association Cup were played off this afternoon, with the following results :—

Blackburn Rovers 2, Reading 1, at Reading ; Liverpool 1, Newcastle United 1, at Liverpool ; Sunderland 4, Swindon Town 2, at Sunderland ;

Everton 4, Bristol Rovers 0, at Bristol ; Aston Villa 5, Crystal Palace 0, at Aston ; Burnley 3, Middlesborough 1, at Burnley ; Oldham Athletic 1, Manchester United 1, at Oldham ;

Bradford 2, Sheffield Wednesday 1, at Bradford.

At Rugby football, Scotland beat Ireland by 29 points to 14, at Edinburgh this afternoon.

THE PERSIAN LOAN.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

Lord Morley's statement regarding the loan to Persia, in the House of Lords on the 19th inst. was misheard.

His Lordship said that the amount of £100,000 was for the special use of the Fars Government. Some portion would be used by the Governor-General of Fars and the rest would be handed over in monthly payments of £8,000 to the commandant of the Gendarmery.

BRAZILIAN RUBBER.

RIO JANEIRO, FEB. 22.

The reduction of the export duty on rubber will become effective in 1914, and will be gradually continued until the limit of the fifty per cent. is reached.

ARGENTINE MAIZE.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

The Argentine preliminary estimate for 1913 places the maize crop at 4,990,000 tons as against 7,515,000 tons last year.

ARMY EXPENDITURE.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

The Auditor-General's report states that the gross army expenditure for the year ended 31st March last was £30,990,717, as against the estimate of £31,086,499. Receipts-in-aid and grants were £58,124 below the estimate.

The net surplus was thus £37,658.

ACCIDENT TO GRAND DUKE.

LONDON, FEB. 22.

The Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha broke his leg yesterday, while bobsleighing at Oberhofen, Thueringon.

DEFENCE OF CALCUTTA.

Great Mobilization Test at Manœuvres.

50,000 TROOPS ENGAGED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 23.

To-day, one of the biggest mobilisation schemes ever arranged on this side of India, is taking place in the neighbourhood of Barnipur, between Calcutta and Diamond Harbour. All the troops in garrison and all the Volunteers in the city are taking part, and all told there are over 50,000 troops engaged.

The general idea of the scheme is to test the ability of the garrison to repel an attack on Calcutta by an invading force, which is also to make an attack on the river forts.

The regular troops left yesterday by river to take up their positions, while the Volunteers left by special trains at 4-30 this morning. The operations are expected to last until nightfall.

The manœuvres are being watched by Genl. Sir Bryan Mahon, Commanding Lucknow Division, Genl. Lean, Inspector-General of Volunteers, and Genl. Fanshawe, Commanding the Presidency Brigade.

In the two days' manœuvres which commenced here to-day, the central idea was that war had broken out with the country called Whiteland. The British East Indian Squadron had been worsted off Ceylon and the enemy had landed at Diamond Harbour and Canning Town, south and east respectively of Calcutta. The authorities wished to test the possibility of an enemy piercing or outflanking the Hoogly shore defences and the mobilisation strength and efficiency of the Volunteers. The latter entrained at 4 a. m. this morning, 840 strong, including 140 Calcutta Light Horses and 1,700 Calcutta Volunteer Rifles. Unfortunately, the rapidity with which the attack from Canning Town had developed during Saturday made their operations very short in duration. When they reached Barnipur, the railway station was already being attacked by 500 Regulars, consisting mainly of the Carnatic Light Infantry, the defence being furnished by the Cyclist Volunteers and the small units that had come down the previous evening. A scattered engagement ensued, lasting some three hours as a result of which it was held provisionally. The Diamond Harbour fighting, in which the Regulars were engaged, is not yet known.

Genl. Fanshawe watched the fighting at Barnipur and Gen. Mahon at Diamond Harbour. A conference will be held at the Volunteer headquarters to-morrow night, to explain and criticise the operations and announce the decisions of the umpires.

THE NAGA RAIDS.

Gurkhas to Co-operate with Police.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 22.

It has been decided to send two companies of the 8th Gurkhas under the command of Major J. A. Wilson, D.S.O., to co-operate with the Military Police in the restoration of order in the Tanek tract of the Naga Hills, and for the punishment of the villages that participated in the recent opposition to the Military Police at Chilong.

SEDITION IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

COMILLA (Tippera, Bengal), Feb. 23.

A number of seditious leaflets were found yesterday posted to trees, walls of houses and lamp-posts. The police took possession of them and later on searched a photographer's studio and the belongings of one Debendra Majumdar in an Ayurvedic (Kabiraji) medical hall. Nothing incriminating was found.

All the principal throughfares of the town are being guarded by armed police for about a week.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

DELHI, FEB. 22.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Major Robertson, I.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner, and Raja Kusal Pal Singh of Kotte, are appointed additional members of the Imperial Council.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Capt. Knapp, I.M.S., is permanently posted to the Burma Jail Department.

Dr. Lefroy is appointed Metropolitan of India.

Rev. J. Godber is appointed Domestic Chaplain to the Metropolitan.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. C. Calder officiates for Major Gage as Director of the Botanical Survey of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Mr. R. J. Glincy, I.C.S., is confirmed in the Political Service.

Capt. A. S. Auretis appointed 2nd-in-Command of the Zhob Militia.

MILITARY FINANCE.

Mr. Noel Maxwell is appointed Military Accountant, 2nd class.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. W. Hensley, Director of Telegraphs, retires from service.

Mr. F. J. G. Grey officiates as Assistant Collector of Customs, Bengal.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Lt.-Col. Pratt, I.M.S., retires from service

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. A. S. Hannah has been confirmed as, Marine Superintendent, E. B. S. Railway.

The last sentence of para 6 of the regulations regarding the grant of study leave to officers of the Indian Medical Service, as published in Army Department notification No. 867, dated the 6th September 1912, is reconstructed as follows :—The total period of absence from duty in India in the case of officers under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army will be strictly limited to two years, and in the first instance the total period of leave granted (study leave combined with any other sort of leave) will not exceed one year.

A notice was issued this morning by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to the effect that from March 1st all legal practitioners, except barristers, will have to produce a "Vakalatnama" duly stamped when appearing in any case. This signalise quite a change in the procedure of the Court.

SERVICES COMMISSION.

Declining Popularity of the I.C.S.

STUDY OF INDIAN HISTORY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, FEB. 22.

The Hon. Mr. G. J. Macpherson, member of the Revenue Board, Bengal, was examined by the Public Services Commission this morning. All the members of the Commission were present, except Sir Valentine Chirol and the Hon. Mr. Gokhale. The witness considered that the present system of recruitment for the Civil Service was quite satisfactory. He opposed simultaneous examinations, and did not object to the increase of listed posts, if the irreducible European minimum were maintained. He had no suggestion to make for a separate recruitment for the Judicial service.

In reply to Lord Ronaldshay, the witness said the Civil Service would become less popular with Europeans if more Indians gained admission to the Service.

In answer to Mr. Abdur Rahim, he said he would not object to taking away judicial powers from the executive officers, provided the powers conferred by the preventive sections were retained by the latter.

Replying to Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, he explained that the reason why he thought the service had become less attractive was that, during the unrest in Bengal, the Service was opened to the severest criticisms at the hands of the Indian Press, and a candidate could not choose his own province.

In reply to Mr. Abdur Rahim, the witness held that the study of Indian History for the competitive examination was no longer of the same educational value. It might be studied afterwards.

With Mr. Macpherson's evidence, the public enquiry was concluded at Delhi.

A FALSE ALARM.

Cigarette Ticket Spreads Dismay.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 22.

There has been considerable excitement recently among a section of the people at Bhowanipore, owing to the discovery of a small printed paper in Bengali, which was suspected to be a threat from an organised gang of dacoits. The paper was of the size of the presentation tickets found in cigarette packets. It contained a couplet to the effect that if the readers did not take proper care of their jewellery at night, they would very likely be robbed.

The news of the discovery soon spread to the people of the neighbourhood and caused considerable excitement. The mystery was solved yesterday, when a police officer came across a packet of cigarettes, manufactured in Calcutta, in which a printed paper of the above character, containing the same couplet, was found enclosed. It appears that the manufacturers of this brand of cigarettes are in the habit of presenting printed mottoes of various kinds with their packets of cigarettes instead of pictures, etc.

FRENCH MILITARY POWER.

Proposed North African Native Army.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 23.

A special cable to the *Statesman* dated London, Feb. 22, states :—

It is understood that the French Government is considering the organisation of a native army in the North African Colonies, for the purpose of meeting Germany's great military increases.

IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

Agenda for To-morrow's Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, FEB. 23.

At Tuesday's meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council, Messrs. Gokhale, Surendranath Benerjea and Arbuthnot, Major Robertson and Raja Kusalpal Singh, will be sworn in as new members.

The Select Committee's reports on the Indian Extradition Bill, Official Trustee's Bill, Administrator-General's Bill and Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim's Baronetcy Bills will be considered, and all the four Bills will be passed.

Mr. Clark will present the Select Committee's report on the White Phosphorus Bill, and Mr. Jinnah will present the Select Committee's report on the "Wakf Bill."

Mr. Gokhale will move the following resolution: —"That this Council recommends to the Governor-General in Council that all papers, including correspondence between the Government of India and the Secretary of State on one hand and between the Government of India and provincial Governments and Administrations on the other, relating to the scheme outlined by the Under-Secretary of State for India in the House of Commons last July, on the subject of extention of primary education in this country, be laid on the table of the Council.

FACTORY ACT CHARGES.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate on the 21st inst., Mr. Boughton Chambers charged the following mill officials with offences under the headings noted :—Mr. Ardeshir Cowasjee Master, spinning-master of the Lord Reay Mill and Mr. Cook, superintendent, Globe Mill, for neglecting to keep securely fenced the beater-covers and desk-doors of certain scuthers, as required by Rule 21 of the Act; Mr. Keshoje Jethabai, secretary, Mr. Lefeur, manager, and Babajee Arjoon, jobber, of the Elphinstone Mill, under section 41 (a) and (h) for working unregistered and uncertified children ; Mr. C. H. Collinge, manager, and Mr. H. Kursedjee, cardmaster, for permitting a ladder to be used in replacing belting, and for permitting an operative to attempt this work improperly clad in contravention of Rule 21 (1) and (3). In the first named, Mr. Master was convicted and fined Rs. 48. In the second, Mr. Cook was acquitted, as it had not been named in the plaint the actual kind of scutcher found defective. Mr. Jethabhai was found guilty and fined Rs. 10 under 41 (h) and the jobber convicted and fined Rs. 30 under 41 (a). Mr. Collinge was acquitted, and Mr. Kursedjee convicted of a technical fault and warned. In this case the Court held that the fault lay in the deceased, who had, against orders, used the ladder, while on the other count it was held that the clothes worn by him were not loose garments in the meaning of the Act. Charges under section 41 (a) and (f) were also laid against Mr. Ardesheer, manager of the Century Mill, but it was ascertained that this gentleman was on leave. The case was postponed.

LAHORE UNIVERSITY.

Prof. Bose's First Science Lecture.

ELECTRIC RADIATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, FEB. 22.

Prof. J. C. Bose's first lecture to night at the University Hall was on "Electric Radiation." The attendance was very large.

Dr. Ewing, Vice-Chancellor, and Principal of the Forman Christian College, presided, and introduced the lecturer in a few words, saying that Prof. Bose was known not only in India but to every part of the civilised world. The Vice-Chancellor drew loud applause, when he spoke of himself as an Indian, who with other Indians, was proud to claim Dr. Bose as belonging to this country. The lecturer explained the constitution of the apparatus which he had devised for an exhaustive study of the properties of electric rays to be carried on with as much certainty as experiments with ordinary light, and he demonstrated the identity of electric radiation and light.

Prof. Bose has offered the whole amount of his honorarium, Rs. 1,200, for the university lectures to be delivered here, as a gift to the University for promoting research work in the Punjab. He had suggested that a research scholarship of Rs. 100 per month be given to a deserving student for one year. The Syndicate of the University has accepted the gift.

An address of welcome was presented to Professor Bose last evening by the Society for Promoting Scientific knowledge, Lahore.

HOME VIA TRIESTE.

New Austrian Lloyd Steamer "Gablonz."

The Austrian Lloyd Steamship Company yesterday morning invited a number of guests to lunch on board the s. s. "Gablonz" and to inspect this fine ship the latest addition to their fleet. The business of the Company's Indian Service has increased so largely that it has been found necessary to increase the fleet by two large steamers of which the subject of this report is one. The Gablonz is a fine vessel of 8,500 tons gross with a displacement of 13,300 tons when fully loaded. Her dimensions are : length 450 ft. breadth 56 feet, and depth 32 feet. She has a complete double bottom nine water-tight bulkheads and is built of steel. She can steam 17 knots.

Accommodation has been provided for 150 first-class 30 second-class passengers. The first-class accommodation is all amidships on three decks and is made up of single, two, and three-berthed cabins which are luxuriously fitted. The single and two-berthed cabins have wide brass bedsteads instead of ordinary berths, and all the cabins are provided with every necessity which modern conditions demand. The public rooms are large, and most tastefully filled. The dining saloon which is on the main deck occupies the whole width of the vessel and is provided with a number of small and large tables.

The drawing room and lounge is on the promenade deck. It is rectangular in shape with large recesses on each side and is lighted by large windows giving plenty of light and ventilation. A grand piano has been placed in the centre and is surrounded with comfortable sofas, settees and chairs with occasional tables. From the lounge a corridor gives access to the smoking room on the same deck. This is also a large comfortable room with a varandah at the after end. The verandah is an open space should become a favourite resort during warm weather. A writing room has also been provided at the forward end of the promenade deck.

An innovation which will be greatly appreciated is a well fitted gymnasium as on board ship it is seldom possible to get exercise sufficient. In the second-class accommodation there are two and four-berthed cabins comfortably fitted. The dining saloon is on the upper deck and is large, well lighted and ventilated, and a conversation hall is arranged behind with a piano and comfortable seats, tables, etc.

The "Gablonz" like all the passenger vessels of the Austrian Lloyd is fitted with wireless telegraphy. There is a sufficient number of life boats, with patent davits, to provide ample accommodation for both passengers and crew. The vessel is lighted throughout electricity.

A complete system of mechanical ventilation has been introduced in order to ensure at all times an ample supply of air, all lavatories being provided with exhausters. The cabins and saloons are further provided with electric fans. A large electrically driven apparatus for the manufacture of ozone has been installed in the engine room, and this pure, cool air by means of piping, is led all over the vessel in order to purify and deodorise the air, and under these conditions even this journey through the Red Sea in the hot weather one could well imagine to be quite bearable, if not pleasant. Electricity is used to a larger extent on the boat than on any other of the Austrian Lloyd boats. There are 3,700 electric lights, and all the cooking is done by electricity.

LADY HARDINGE.

MEETING OF LADIES AT CHANDA, C. P.

A well attended representative meeting of the ladies of all communities of Chanda town, European and Indian, was held on the evening of Thursday the 13th inst., to express sympathy with her Excellency Lady Hardinge, to approve and adopt the draft address to be presented to her Excellency by the women of India and to send a message of congratulations and good wishes on the recovery of his Excellency the Viceroy.

Mrs. Bahmanji Mancherji, wife of the senior extra Assistant Commissioner and Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Chanda was voted to the chair. She briefly explained the object of the meeting, read the draft address and proposed the following resolutions, which were seconded and unanimously passed.

(1) Resolved that the ladies of Chanda of all nationalities assembled here "enmasse" unanimously pass the draft address to be presented to her Excellency Lady Hardinge by the women of India, expressing horror at the dastardly outrage committed at Delhi and their warm sympathy with their Excellencies and appreciation of her Excellency's noble example of courage and fortitude in the hour of supreme trial, congratulating their Excellencies in their Providential escape and earnestly praying for his Excellency's speedy and complete restoration to health.

(2) That a copy of the above resolution be forwarded to Lady Robertson (the illustrious consort of our worthy and popular Chief-Commissioner) through Mrs. Leftwich (the good wife of our kind and sympathetic Deputy Commissioner) by the President.

(3) That a telegram be sent to the Private Secretary to his Excellency the Viceroy through the president of this meeting, congratulating his Excellency on his recovery and praying for his speedy and complete restoration to health.

Then and there the following message was despatched to the Private Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy by Mrs. Bahmanji, Mancherji, the president.

Ladies of all communities of Chanda assembled in public meeting to-day tender their respectful congratulations to his Excellency upon his recovery and offer earnest prayers for his speedy and complete restoration to health and with all blessings to their Excellencies."

Then a subscription list having been circulated, a decent sum was raised on the spot to meet the expenses of the casket.

With a vote of thanks to the chair, the meeting came to a close.

The following message was received from the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy, by Mrs. Bahmanji Muncherji. "Their Excellencies much appreciate the kind telegram from the ladies of Chanda."

HINDU UNIVERSITY.

Representative Meeting in Bombay.

INTER-RACIAL CORDIALITY.

A public meeting was held in Madhav Bang last evening to allow the members of the Hindu University Deputation to explain the aims of the scheme. A large athering was present. Almost all the leading Hindus of Bombay, with a sprinkling of the Parsi and Moslem leaders were on the dais. When the Maharaja of Darbhanga, H. H the Aga Khan, Pandit Mdanmohon Malaviya, Sir Narayan Chandavarkar, Pandit Deendayal Sarma and Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin were greeted with cheers. Telegrams from SirChinubhoyMadholal (at Ahmedabad), who had been offered the chair, the Hon. Mr. Jinna, the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Karimbhoy were read, expressing their sympathy with the meeting. Dr. Sir Balchandra Krishna presided, and in welcoming the deputation, said that Bombay would not be behind hand in its enthusiasm for the Hindu University. The deputation might well say "veni, vidi vici." The speaker quoted Dr. Rashbehari Ghose in support of the scheme, and went on to defend it against the hostile criticisms made. The presence of H. H. the Aga Khan showed that the Hindu and Moslem Universities would not be rivals.

H. H. the Aga Khan proposed the first resolution which accorded a hearty welcome to the deputation and supported the Hindu University scheme. His Highness was proud to recollect that when presiding ten years ago over the Moslem Education Conference at Delhi, he had said that there ought to be two Hindu Universities and one Moslem. The Mussalmans were at the time in mourning but they forgot their sorrow in the happiness of their brethren (cheers). Sir Bhalchandra had referred to the apprehended narrowing influence of such sectional movements; but India was too vast a country for that. All the treasures of ancient Hindu learning life should be brought in to modify the modern teachings. The emotional and material feelings would go hand in hand. There were men in India like Tata Bose and Paranjpe who could hold their own against anybody. He hoped that the Hindu and Moslem Universities might be the progenitors of others.

Sir Narayan Chandawarkar, in seconding the resolution, said that Sir Bhalchandra had referred to those who at one time were given the real asset which they could count upon future was that men like the Maharaja and the Aga Khan had entred into the movement. He was not one who thought that their educational policy began on the wrong line for all such policies obeyed the law of evolution. The Hindu and Moslem Universities would find their fitting place in the country if they were conducted on sound lines. In India all big movements degenerated into humdrum things as their aims were not truly high.

Mr. Bhimdalal spoke on behalf of the Parsis and explained why they had the greatest sympathy with the movement.

Srimati Nanabhai Gajjar, a well-known Hindu lady, supported the resolution.

HON. MR. RAFIUDDIN.

The Hon. Mr. Rafiuddin Ahmad in supporting the resolution said that it was not necessary for him to dwell upon the subject at length. His Highness the Aga Khan, who was not only the spokesman of the Moslems but also of all the Indian communities (cheers) had spoken in support of the Hindu University.

MAHARAJA OF DURBHANGA.

The Maharaja of Durbhanga was received with enthusiasm when he stood up to speak. The Maharaja, who is a devout and orthodox Brahmin began, with a Sanskrit prayer.

The Maharaja in the course of his speech said:—

We have come to Bombay late in our tour, because we wished to show you some of the good results obtained from supporters in other parts of India. The movement has been welcomed with enthusiasm at every place we have visited and no where have we received more cordial support or more liberal contributions to our funds in this tour, than from the great Chiefs, amongst whom we have lately been.

Up to the present, our subscriptions amount to rupees eighty lacs, and we estimate that a crore and a half will be needed to start the scheme on a satisfactorily working basis. A very much larger sum will, of course, be eventually required, and I have no doubt, will be forthcoming from the generous Hindu public as soon as it begins to realize the benefits which the University will afford to students who, we trust, will gather from all parts of the Indian Empire. We invite all classes to contribute to the extent of their ability, and will welcome the samllest contributions from the common people in the same spirit as we receive larger subscriptions from those who give out of the abundance of their wealth.

Our University will be equipped with the best professors and teachers in the various departments of Theology, Literature, Pure Science, Applied Science, Agriculture, Commerce, Medicine (including Ayurvedic), Surgery, Law, and all other branches of knowledge, and will also provide theoretical, practical and technical instruction for artistic persuits. It will also provide facilities for original research in all the applications of science. In fact, our aim is to make the Hindu University in all respects (adopted to India) similar in educational equipment to the best of those Universities in other countries which have so largely moulded national life and character, wherever they have been established. I may mention also that the University shall be open to women, subject to such conditions as the regulations may prescribe. I have thus indicated to you, in brief outlines, our plans in connection with our great scheme, and I commend it to your patriotism, your sympathy, and to your cordial co-operation in a very tangible manner. We, of course, require funds.

Our great ideal in connection with Uninersity life and work will be to turn out students who will be men indeed, cultured gentlemen well fitted, through their University training for taking each his part in the position of life to which he has been called.

PANDIT MALAVIYA.

Pandit Madanmohon Malavya then spoke in Hindi at the general request of the audience.

The Pandit thanked the spirit of the age in the West and in the East was almost the same,—it was improvement of education and enlightenment. Germany and America had hundreds of Universities and education alone had made them so rich and great. What Hindu was there whose heart was not touched when they spoke of the holy Kashidham (Benares). At that holy place the University would be established and every Hindu would certainly look to it as the best fountain of knowledge.

PANDIT DEENDAYAL SARMA.

Pandit Deendayal Sarma said that he had been included in the deputation so that a traditional beggar Brahmin might unblushingly ask for alms to help the University.

SOME DONATIONS.

Pandit Malavya then announced the following donations:—SrimatiJanaki Devi Rs. 101, and would and promise of Rs. 1,000 more ; Sawate Nanabhai Gajjar, paid Rs. 100. A Jaina gentlemen Rs. 10,000. Pandit Mahadeoprasad 25 acres of land worth Rs. 2,500 a year ; Sir Vithaldas Rs. 5,000 ; Seth Tarachand Rs. 25,000; a poor beggar Rs. 5, a Telegraph Peon Rs. 5, Venkatesser Samachar Press Rs. 500; Editor Venkatesser Samachar Rs. 25.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

Sir Jagmohandas proposed that a committee with Sir Vithaldas, Sir Bhalchandra and others and Mr. Narottam Morarji Goculdas as the Treasurer ce formed to collect funds for the Hindu University. It being seconded and supported, was carried unanimously Pandit Malavia again appealed for funds and the scene that is unique in the annals of Bombay. In the course of half an hour nearly two lakhs of rupees were collected a large portion in cash—on the spot. Beggars, telegraph peons, students, ladies, servants, sepoys, all came forward with their contributions and the collections went on late after 8 p.m.

With votes of thanks to the chair, the Maharaja of Darbhanga, Pandit Malaviya and Deendayal and others and cheers for the members of the deputation, the meeting dissolved long after 8 p.m.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

Byculla Club Cup won by Beckmesser.

HILL BADLY INJURED.

FOURTH DAY.

A strong, unpleasant breeze blew across the course on Saturday afternoon, when the fourth day of the Bombay Races brought together a very large crowd. The enclosure was dusty and there were so many people about, that at times it was almost impossible to make headway. On the other side of the course dense clouds of dust could be seen continuously drifting across, and very often, in the longer races, the horses were shut out from view. The wind blew dead against the gee gees as they came up the straight for home. A nasty accident also added a note of tragedy to the proceedings; when in the big Arab event of the day, the Turf Club Cup, Hill, on Tajilmulook, was thrown almost in front of the Grand-stand. Tajilmulook had the lead on the rails with Nakib next to him. It would be difficult to say how the accident happened, but the moment after the field had passed the Grand-stand, Hill was thrown and rolled away from the rails right into the centre of the track. Sweden apparently stepped on to him and the next moment Yussuff was down and Pratt on Thaboor followed. Pratt was brought in on a stretcher, but was able to sit up and apparently came out of the accident not much the worse. Yussuff also did not suffer, but Hill had a good many teeth disiodged and was otherwise damaged considerably. He was removed to hospital in a motor.

Proceedings opened with the Lilliput Handicap Plate for which a field of thirteen faced the starter, the only refuser being the bottom weight Mushtarak. Abdul Aziz and Dilkhush secured the public support, but in the race, an outsider, in the shape of Burg, romped home by four lengths. Burg was prominent throughout the race and taking the lead at the two-furlong post, successfully staved off a rapid run by Dilkhush in the straight. In the Bedouin Plate which followed, there was a small field of eight including, however, such horses as Rajput, Young Majub, Majesty and Polish. The public fancy was evenly distributed amongst these and that there was not much to choose between the four, may be judged by the fact that they were all there or thereabouts at the finish. Majesty managed to get home by a head and Rajput and Polish dead-heated for third place.

That wonderful horse, Forfeit, won for the fifth time this season, when he pulled off the Exeter Plate and a prize of Rs. 6,000 for the fortunate Mr. Goculdass. He had a tussle with Watch Tower in the straight but the issue was never in doubt. Refresher in this race was expected to do great things but was out of it all the way. The Second Dealers Plate brought out a field of fourteen horses. Purity was backed up to the hilt, having no less than 894 tickets to his number in the Win Tote against 681 for a place. This horse has changed hands since it was last out and is now the property of Mr. Lion. It had no difficulty in justifying the confidence of the public. Iron Chest was a non-starter.

The great race of the afternoon was the Byculla Club Cup. Hilarity was very largely backed but there was a large following for Monsoon, a comparatively unknown quantity to many. It was rumoured that there was big money on this horse from Calcutta. However, the two top weights, Beckmesser and Hilarity both belonging to Mr. Kelso, fought out the issue and Beckmesser managed to win by a neck. Previous winners of this event have been as follows :—

THE BYCULLA CLUB CUP.

Year.	Owner.	Winner.	Weight.	Rider.
1893	Messrs. Macquoid and Stewart ...	Puddumjee	10-6	Capt Woolmer.
1894	Mr. Lanark	St. Paul..	9-4	Robinson.
1895	Capt. Hon. H. Addington ...	Sultan ...	10-10	Mr. Price.
1896	Mr. F. C. Allen..	Forest Lodge II	11-8	Mr. Locke.
1897	Mr. F. C. Allen..	Forest Lodge II	10-11	W. O.
1899	Lt.-Col. J. Monteith	Nancy...	9-6	D. Greenhalgh.
1900	H. H. Maharaja of Jodhpore ...	Brave Himyar.	9-1	Southall.
1901	Mr. K. R. S ...	Cherry ..	9-11	Robinson.
1902	H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala	Loch Cliveden ...	8-2	Cowell.
1903	Mr. J. C. Galstaun	Hoop Iron ...	7-10	Thomas.
1904	H. H. Aga Khan & Aga S. Shah.	Ailie ...	7-3	Kamad.
1905	Col. J. Desraj Urs.	Trenton (carried 8-0)	7-13	Evans.
1906	Mr. E. J. Marshall	Kipling .	7-2	Vining
1907	Hon. Mr. A. A. Apcar.....	Ballark .	9-7	Vining.
1908	Hon. Mr. A. A. Apcar.....	Ballark.	9-5	Blades.
1909	Mr. Jiji	Pelargonium II	8-13	Rickaby.
1910	H.H. Maharajah of Mysore	Sporran. (carried 6-13)	6-9	Melsom.
1911	Mr.M. Goculdass Master Delaval.		9-7	A. Hoyt.
1912	Mr. Kelso	Hilarity.	9-3	Brown.

Real Gold was a hot favourite for the Turf Club Cup and Tajilmulook from the same stable was also considered by many to be the thing. Regent and Beyrut were non-starters. As already related, a nasty accident put several of the horses out of the reckoning and considerably upset the race which was won easily by Mr. Lion's "Thank You." The final event of the day, the Stand Plate was another upset, the starter sending the field away in a far from perfect manner, and no less than three horses were so hopelessly left at the start, that they made no effort to join in the race.

Tote results :—

	Tote Tickets.			
	1st Winner.	2nd Place.	3rd Place.	
1st Race.....	56	45	145	68
2nd Race.....	557	498	164	388
3rd Race.....	206	160	148	
4th Race.....	894	681	723	278
5th Race.....	500	189	496	267
6th Race.....	462	391	114	445
7th Race.....	163	72	83	77

Tote Takings.	Win. Rs.	Places. Rs.
1st Race.....	12,570	14,460
2nd Race.....	22,990	20,550
3rd Race.....	21,000	11,930
4th Race.....	24,670	22,710
5th Race.....	27,910	20,500
6th Race.....	26,530	22,220
7th Race.....	24.040	17,550
Total Rs.	1,59,710	1,29,920
	Rs. 2,89,630	

Details of the racing :—

THE LILLIPUT HANDICAP PLATE.—3-5 p.m. Rs 1,000 to the winner, Rs. 300 to the second, and 200 to the third. A high weight handicap for Arab ponies 14 hands and under which have not won flat race value Rs. 1,000 or over since 31st March, 1910 Distance—About 7 furlongs.

Capt. S. J. Donovan's Burg, 8st. 9lbs.....Pratt 1
Mr. Eastwood's Dilkush, 8st. 5lbs .....Brown 2
Mr. Kadoo bin Salek's Upright, 6st. 6lbs. Harrison 3
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan and Mr. A. S. Oomer's Sir Edward, 8st. 4lbs...Evans 4

ALSO RAN :—Raspberry, 9st. 7lbs. ; Tofic Pasha, 8st. 13lbs. ; Castaway, 8st. 5lbs. ; Abdul Aziz, 8st. 3lbs. ; Solar Star, 8st. 3lbs ; British King, 8st. 2lbs. ; Baldwin, 8st. 2lbs. ; Mat-hat-Baig, 8st. 10.bs. ; Beynaseer, 6st. 9lbs.

THE RACE :—Upright went off with the lead, followed by Burg, Sir Edward, Castaway and Tofic Pasha. At the three furlongs Burg was leading, Upright, Sir Edward, Castaway, and British King close up. Round the turn Dilkush improved his position and came through; he, however, could make no impression upon Burg, who won comfortably by 4 lengths—2 lengths—head.

TIME :—1min. 37 4-5 secs.

Totes paid.—Win, Rs. 202. Places, Rs. 87 Rs. 33-8 Rs. 61.

(Winner trained by H. C. Bassler.)

THE BEDOUIN PLATE.—3-35 p.m. Rs. 1,500 to the winner, Rs. 400 to the second, and Rs. 200 to the third. A high weight handicap for Arab ponies 14 hands and under. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr. R. R. S.'s Majesty, 8st. 11lbs. .....Brown 1
Mr. D. Framji's Young Majub, 9st. 3lbs. .....Hill 2
Mr. A. S. Oomer's Rajput, 9st. 6lbs. .....Evans 3
Mr. Lion's Polish, 8st. 11lbs. .....Kuhn 3

ALSO RAN :—Zoolphokarr, 9st. 5lbs. ; Pendil, 9st. 1lb ; Manchester, 6st. ; Creditor, 6st. ; and Maasai, 6st.

THE RACE :—Young Majub and Zoolphokarr were away quickest, followed by Polish and Majesty. At the bend Majesty was leading with Young Majub second and Polish third. Down the straight a good race took place between the first two, Majesty just getting there by a head. Rajput dead-heated with Polish two lengths away.

TIME :—1 min. 6 3-5 secs.

Totes paid.— Win, Rs. 37. Places, Rs. 15, Rs. 25-8, Rs. 8, Rs. 8.

(Winner trained by T. Tingey.)

THE EXETER PLATE.—4-5 p.m. Rs. 6,000 to the winner, Rs. 1,500 to the second, and Rs. 750 to the third. A handicap for horses. Distance about 7 furlongs.

Mr. M. Goculdass's Forfeit, 8st. 12lbs.....Pratt 1
Mr. T. M. Thaddeus's Watch Tower, 9st. 3lbs. Ferguson 2
Mr. Kelso's Paul Pry, 9st. 12lbs.....Evans 3
Mr. M. Goculdass' Refresher, 8st. 6lbs.....Hoyt 4

ALSO RAN : Punt, 9st. 6lbs. ; and Atropine, 6st. 12lbs.

THE RACE : They ran level for about half a furlong. Watch Tower was the first to show out, followed by Forfeit and Atropine. At the six furlongs Punt ran third, taking Atropine's place. At the three-furlong post Forfeit took command followed by Watch Tower and Punt. Rounding the turn, Refresher and Paul Pry put in an appearance passing Watch Tower and Punt down the straight. Forfeit won by 3-4 length—head—1 1-4 length.

TIME :—1min. 28secs.

Totes paid.—Win Rs. 91-8. Places Rs. 33-8, Rs. 35-8.

(Winner trained by C. Bleach.)

THE SECOND DEALERS' PLATE.—4-35 p. m. Rs. 5,000 to the winner, Rs. 1,250 to the second, and Rs. 600 to the third. For Arabs imported into Bombay direct from the country of foaling on or after 1st July, 1912. W. A. reduced 5lbs. Penalty—Winner of Melton Plate, 1913, 4lbs. Allowances—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4lbs. (Landing allowance clause in general conditions does not apply.) Distance about 1 mile (1 mile scale).

Mr. Lion's Purity, 8st. 9lbs. .....Evans 1
Mr. M. Goculdass' Sparrow Hawk, 8st.....Hoyt 2
Mr. Elser's Financier, 8st. .....Brown 3
Mr. Lion's Salisbury, 7st. 10lbs. .....Portoosingh 4

ALSO RAN :—Farash, 8st. 12lbs. ; Cicero, 8st. 12lbs. ; Muccadum, 8st. 12lbs. ; The Winner, 8st. 9lbs. ; Moorshid, 8st. 8lbs. ; Hama, 8st. 8lbs. ; Tulwar, 8st. ; Sooboog, 8st. ; Shot Silk, 7st. 10lbs. ; German, 7st. 10lbs.

THE RACE :—Financier, Cicero, Sparrow Hawk broke the line first, and after going a furlong Sparrow Hawk fell back a little. The Winner and Moorshid coming up at the half mile, Cicero and The Winner began to close up on Financier, Tulwar running third. At the bend Purity, Sparrow Hawk and Salisbury came through. Down the straight Purity came away, and although Sparrow Hawk made an effort to get on terms with him, he won comfortably by 1 1-4 length,—2 lengths,—2 lengths.

TIME :—1min. 52 4-5secs.

Totes paid.—Win Rs. 24-8, Places, Rs. 11-8, Rs. 11-8, Rs. 14.

(Winner trained by Mr. Abdoola Faras.)

THE BYCULLA CLUB CUP.—5-10 p.m. A cup value £50 presented by the members of the Byculla Club and Rs. 13,750 from the fund. The cup and Rs. 10,000 to the winner, Rs. 2,500 to the second, and Rs. 1,250 to the third. A handicap for horses. Distance—1 mile 5 furlongs.

Mr. Kelso's Beckmesser, 9st, 12lbs.....Brown 1
Mr. Kelso's Hilarity, 9st. 5lbs.....Evans 2
Mr. J. Crawford's Monsoon, 6st.....Purtoosingh 3
Mr. Gussy's Valerius, 7st. 9lbs.....Ferguson 4

ALSO RAN :—Parkhill, 8st. 3lbs. ; Keerit, 7st. 12lbs. ; Wayward and Wild, 7st. 11lbs. ; Loki, 7st. 9lbs. ; The Cellarer, 7st. 2lbs. ; Mil, 7st. ; Coat-of-Arms, 6st. 10lbs. ; Picnic, 6st. 4lbs. ; Lancasterite, 6st.

THE RACE :—Monsoon appeared to be first away followed closely by Wayward and Wild, and Beckmesser. At the ten furlongs the position was the same. At the mile post The Cellarer moved up second with Monsoon and Loki next. At the seven, The Cellarer was leading. At the six furlongs Hilarity came up behind the leaders and lay fifth, gradually closing up on them. At the half mile Monsoon was leading, Hilarity second and Valerius third. At the three furlongs Hilarity went in front followed by Monsoon, Valerius, and Beckmesser. Hilarity and Beckmesser had a great tussle, the latter winning by a neck,—2 lengths,—2 lengths.

TIME :—2mins. 52secs.

Totes paid.—Win Rs. 50. Places Rs. 25-8, Rs. 16, Rs. 21.

(Winner trained by T. Tingey.)

THE TURF CLUB CUP.—5-45 p.m. Rs. 5,000 to the winner, Rs. 1,250 to the second, and Rs. 600 to the third. A handicap for Arabs. Distance 1 mile 5 furlongs.

Mr. Lion's Thank You, 8st. 3lbs.....Brown 1
Mr. Ali Bin Talib's Nakib, 8st. 5lbs....Robinson 2
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's Sir Knight, 8st. 13lbs. Evans 3
H. H. Col. Obaidulla's Aga, 7st. 2lbs....McGlone 4

ALSO RAN :—Tajilmulook, 10st. ; Aasud, 9st. 11b. ; Thaboor, 8st. 8lbs. ; Valens, 8st. 6lbs. ; Sweden, 7st. 12lbs. ; Real Gold, 7st. 12lbs. ; Guinea Merchant, 7st. 7lbs. ; Thulfha, 7st. 3lbs. ; Moosahar, 7st. ; Mexico, 6st. 12lbs. ; Hadee, 6st. 5lbs. ; Haify, 6st. 5lbs. ; and Last Chance, 6st.

THE RACE :—After some delay owing to restiveness—start was effected Nakib, Sweden, Real Gold and Moosahar being a shade in advance of the bunch. After passing the paddock Tajilmulook, Sweden, and Thaboor came down, and round the first bend Hadee, Nakib, Real Gold, Aga and Sir Knight were in the leading division. At the mile post Thank You ran up into fifth place. At the seven furlongs Hadee was still leading from Real Gold, Aga and Thank You. At the five furlongs Agt led from Nakib, Moosahar and Thank You. At the bend Nakib took command followed by Thank You and Sir Knight. Down the straight Thank You passed Nakib and won by 1 1-2,—3,—head.

TIME :—3mins. 7 2-5secs.

Totes paid.—Win Rs. 51-8. Places Rs. 18-8, Rs. 40-8, Rs. 17-8.

(Winner trained by Mahmed Jamal.)

THE STAND PLATE.—6-15 p.m. Rs. 2,000 to the winner, Rs. 500 to the second and Rs. 250 to the third. A high weight handicap for horses which have not won flat race value Rs. 2,000 or over since 31st March, 1910. Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr. M. Goculdass' Borgie, 7st. 10lbs. ...Luckman 1
H. H. Kour Sahib of Patiala's Malmsey 8st. 8lbs. Pratt 2
Mr. Lion's Danseuse 6st. ..... Harrison 3
Mr. M. Goculdass' Solution, 8st. 9lbs. ..... Hoyt 4

ALSO RAN :—Lithosian, 10st. 7lbs. ; Pincher, 7st. 13lbs. ; Madrina, 7st 31lbs. ; Lord Reay, 6st. 13lbs. ; Yvette, 6st. 12lbs. ; and Danseuse, 6st.

THE RACE :—An exceedingly bad start. Madrina and Pincher, the two best fancied in the race, were left at the gate and took no part in the race. Borgie and Malmsey raced down the straight together, and it appeared opposite the stand as if Malmsey had the best of it, but Borgie came again and won on the post by a head,—2 lengths,—1-2 length.

TIME :—1min. 1 3-5sec.

Totes paid.—Win Rs. 132-8. Places Rs. 72, Rs. 64, Rs. 68.

(Winner trained by C. Bleach.)

5TH DAY, WEDNESDAY, 26TH FEBRUARY. HORSES STRUCK OUT.

THE MANSFIELD PLATE.—Lord Reay, Refresher, Lumination, Dalmetia, Solution, Sugar Loaf, Black Buck and Criton.

THE COLABA PLATE.—The Cellarer, Silver Memory, Bachelor's Knot, Mordialloc, and Bambino.

THE WORLI PLATE—Smirth, Solution, Macaun, North, Mr. Pedler, Transmigration and Sugar Loaf.

THE SIR COWASJI JEHANGIR PURSE.—Shum Shum Tajilmulook Braganza, Parliament, France, Artist, Young Salanic, Thulfha, Mysore, Winchester and Beyrut.

THE CECIL GRAY PURSE.—Mustapha, Wait and Look, Lord Derby, Advocate, Principal, Messengers, Indian Spot, Ata Allah, Young Minoru, Punjab, Galloping Major, Sooria, Muccadum, Sooboog, Jessoor and Moorshid.

THE DESERT PLATE.—Dinar, Good Success, Nakib, Sir Knight, France, Miner, Artist, Lord Durham, Mysore, Golden Ducat, Bustan, Shawcutt, and Beyrut.

THE ASIAN PLATE.—Sinclair, Tenebreuse Lookman, Chechan, Real, Mubrook, Brandy II, Gafal and Creditor.

CALCUTTA RACES.

Interesting Eighth Extra Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB 22.

The racing proved quite interesting, although the fields as a general rule were small. Some piping hot favourites also went down. The weather was rather warm but the attendance was fairly large.

SECOND AMATEUR HURDLE HANDICAP.—R. C. and A. distance over 7 flights.

Capt. Robertson's Betty Birr, 11st. 13lbs...Owner 1
The Zemindar of Sivagiri's Daisy Priam, 11st. 10lbs.....Mr. Bleatsoe 2
Major Smith's Mighty Atom, 11st. 10lbs. Capt. Kenworthy 3

ALSO RAN :—Sincerity, 11st. 8lbs. ; Frank 11st. 11lbs. ; Levi, 11st. 3lbs. ; Farthing Bun, 12st. 3lbs.

BETTING :—Six to four Mighty Atom, fours Betty Birr, sixes Daisy Priam, longer prices the rest.

Totes paid Rs. 47 for the winner, Rs. 14, Rs. 14 and Rs. 13 for places.

THE RACE :—After a strong finish Betty Birr won by half a length, 2 lengths between second and third.

TIME :—3 mins. 35 1-2 secs.

MEDIOCRE PLATE—5 furlongs.

Mr. Scott's Mary Jane, 9st. 12lbs..... .....Firth 1
Mr. Dass' Annahean, 8st. 10lbs.....Thoburn 2
Mr. Dees' Bet, 7st. 9lbs.....Dovis 3

ALSO RAN :—Little Scott, 9st. 6lbs. ; Diakka's Daughter, 10st. 4lbs. ; Irish Harp, 9st. 6lbs. ; Alphens, 8st. 10lbs. ; Dooneen, 8st. 2lbs. ; Glenora, 6st. 7lbs.

BETTING :—Six to four Mary Jane, threes Annahean, sixes Bet, longer prices the rest.

Tote paid Rs. 14 for the win, Rs. 12, Rs. 12 and Rs. 14 for places.

THE RACE :—Mary Jane led from start to finish, and won by 1 1-2 lengths.

3 lengths between second and third.

TIME :—1 min., 2 1-4 secs.

SECOND AMATEUR PONY HANDICAP.—5 furlongs.

Mr. Hunter's the Joint, 11st. 12lbs...Mr. Bleatsoe 1
Major Winter's Post Entry, 8st. .....Owner 2
Mr. Pugh's Stop Thief, 9st. 10lbs.....Hardy 3

ALSO RAN :—North Shore, 10st. 3lbs ; Cartridge, 10st. 12lbs. ; Prince Merve, 10st. 11lbs. ; Lerry Lass, 10st. 2lbs. ; War Cry, 9st. 5lbs.

BETTING :—Five to four on the Joint, threes War Cry, sixes Stop Thief and Post Entry, longer prices the rest.

Totes paid Rs. 21 for the winner, Rs. 13, Rs. 14 and Rs. 14 for places.

THE RACE :—Post Entry led, followed by Stop Thief, with the Joint lying handy in the straight. The latter came away and won by a neck, 3 1-2 lengths between second and third.

TIME :—1 min., 6 1-2 secs.

PRESIDENCY PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Messrs. Valentine and Vernon's May Kenely, 9st. Davis 1
Mr. Alec's Village Girl, 8st. 12lbs.....Hardy 2
Mr. Roy Chowdhury's Ruling Passion, 9st. 11lb. Melsom 3

ALSO RAN :—Fortunate, 8st. 6lbs. ; Safety Pin, 9st. 5lbs. ; Russely Rose II, 8st.

BETTING :—Six to four, Fortunate ; five to two Safety Pin, sixes May Kenely tens the rest.

Totes paid Rs. 60 for the winner, Rs. 20, Rs. 41 and Rs. 37 for places.

THE RACE :—Ruling Passion and Village Girl lead in company. Opposite the big stand May Kenely challenged the leaders and won by a neck, 1 1-4 lengths between second and third.

TIME :—1 min., 2 1-4 secs.

HARDINGE PLATE—5 furlongs.

Messrs. Valentine and Vernon's Ponny Boy, 8st. 7lbs. .....Davis 1
Mr. Holmes' Hackler's Girl, 12st. 4lbs. .....Firth 2
Mr. Roy Chowdhury's Jemima, 9st. .....Melsom 3

ALSO RAN :—Nuncio, 10st. 4lbs. ; Harene, 7st. 12lbs. ; Airman, 6st. 9lbs.

BETTING :—Evens Nuncio, threes Hackler's Girl, sixes Bonny Boy, longer prices the rest.

Totes paid Rs. 71 for the winner, Rs. 17 and Rs. 24 for places.

THE RACE :—Nuncio, Harene and Jemima led together, with Bonny Boy next and Hackler's Girl last. In the straight Bonny Boy went to the front and won by 2 1-4 lengths, 1 1-4 lengths between second and third.

TIME :—1min. 1sec.

WELLINGTON PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Cpt. Hodgson's Mr. Bang, 9st 5lbs.....Firth 1
Messrs. Valentine and Vernon's Chin Chin, 9st. 8lbs.....Davis } Dead heat 2
Mr. Burjorjee's Hydra, 8st. 9lbs. Elliott }
Mr. Roy Choudhry's Milliner, 8st. 10lbs....Melson 4

ALSO RAN :—Warwick, 9st. 12lbs. ; Royal Colours, 9st. 10lbs. ; Rosa Chamberlain, 8st. 3lbs. ; Obo, 7st. 9lbs. ; Craigendorrie, 7st. 4lbs. ; Politesse, 6st. 2lbs.

BETTING :—Evens Mrs. Bang, threes Milliner, fours Chin Chin, fives Hydra, longer prices the rest.

Totes paid Rs. 29 for win, Rs. 13, Rs. 14, and Rs. 18 for places.

THE RACE :—Chin Chin led, followed by Mrs. Bang and Royal Colours, then, Hydra, with Milliner last. In the straight Mrs. Bang sailed away to the front, and won in a common canter by 2 1-2 lengths. Hydra dead-heated with Chin Chin for the second place.

TIME :—1min. 15secs.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

Fine Race of Metre Class Boats.

The Races of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club took place to-day in a fresh breeze. The Ships' Boats were the first to start, and got off very well, a great contrast to the last two weeks.

In the Metre Class, Maya was first over the line, followed by Corrie. Corrie got the lead, and luffing was the order of the day.

The order around Mark Buoy was Corrie, Cynthia, Mynona, Maya. From the Mark Buoy to North Karanja Corrie kept the lead, and allowed well for the tide.

The order at North Karanja was Corrie Cynithia, Maya, Mynona. Maya went about at once, the others standing on, Minona stood rather far.

The order around Committee Vessel was Cynthia, Maya, Corrie, Mynona.

On the reach to Tucker Beacon, Cynthia allowe Maya to pass her to windward without a luff (it wouldn't have happened in B. Class), and increased her lead finishing first. Corrie caught up on Cynthia and finished close beind her.

A very good race.

"METRE" CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed at 2 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allances. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Corrected Arrival. H. M. S.	Time. H. M. S.
Maya.....	4 38	Mr J N Parker..	5 10 48	2 0 55
Corrie ...	4 38	Mr N B Macbeth	5 12 6	2 2 18
Cynthia.....	4 38	Officers, R E ...	5 11 55	2 2 7
Mynona.....	4 38	Mr D Blythe...	5 16 38	2 6 40
Nelta	Scr.	Mr D Blythe...	Did not start.	

Course :—Committee Vessel—Mark Buoy Port—North Karanja Port—Committee Vessel—Tucker Beacon Port—Committee Vessel Length 10·7 miles. Wind N-N-W. Strength fresh. 1st prize won by Maya. 2nd prize saves entrance.

"B" Class.—Erin was first over the line, followed by Trixie and Lylie, the order of the Mark Buoy being Trixie, Lylie, Erin. Erin then overtook Lylie, and picked up on Trixie.

Trixie drew ahead again, went about, and passed ahead of Erin and astern of Lylie. Lylie carried on and made a fair wind for Black and White Buoy, the order of which was Lylie, Trixie, Erin. After this mark, Lylie and Trixie reached for North Karanja and Erin set her spinnaker. Trixie picked up a little, same order as North Karanja. Then all stood up to Tucker Beacon. After this Lylie got amongst a lot of cargo dhows and lost some time. She got the gun, however, Trixie being second; and Erin, who had suffered greatly from another batch of dhows, last.

"B" CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed at 3-10 p.m.

Names of Boats	Time Allances M. S.	Entered by	Time of Corrected Arrival. H. M. S.	Time. H. M. S.
Trixie	1 25	Mr J W Milne.	5 19 13	2 7 48
Erin	5 40	Messrs Magill and Beadel ...	5 27 13	2 11 33
Lylie	Scr	Col Street and Capt Watson..	5 16 12	2 6 12.

Course :—Committee Vessel—Mark Buoy Port—Black and White Buoy Starboard—North Karanja Port—Committee Vessel. Length 8·5 miles. Wind W-N-W. Strength fresh. Time-limit 6-0 p.m. 1st prize won by Lylie.

"C" Class had a very nice start, Jenny Wren, Mavourneen and Clutha being first over the line. They would all have been better off for a ref. Clutha and Curlew took the inside course to Tucker Beacon, the order around which being Clutha, Curlew, Mavourneen. The order was the same at North Karanja, where Curlew carried away a shroud and lost time.

A stiff beat followed to the Committee Vessel, during which a Biblical episode was re-enacted. Curlew and Eileen, having a difference of opinion, the Committee have to decide between David and Goliath.

The short course followed, during which Jenny Wren overtook Curlew but was cut out by the latter at the finish. We cannot resist the following quotation four Max Adeler:—

We have lost our little Anne,
In a very painful manner
And her mainmast cannot anywhere be found.
M. Louise came up and snorted
At the weight that she supported
As she tried to tow her off the middle ground.

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sailed at 3-20p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allance. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Corrected Arrival. H. M. S.	Time. H. M. S.
Fenella	8 3	Dr Goldwinich	5 21 37	1 53 24
Jenny Wren.	4 36	Capt Glosser and Kunhardt ...	5 15 25	1 50 49
Maud	6 19	Messrs. Culbertson and Bio ...	5 23 27	1 57 8
Mavourneen.	Scr	Mr N Taylor ...	5 10 2	1 50 2
Pom	6 54	Mr A G Holmes.	Did not start.	
Clutha ...	Scr	Capt Welch. ...	5 7 47	1 47 47
Y Tuxy	7 28	Mr B O Reade.	Did not start.	
Curlew	7 43	Mr B Hewett ...	5 14 50	1 58 7
Cricket	7 28	Mr T Gregson...	5 18 44	1 51 16
Marie Louise	4 10	Mr K MacIver..	Gave up	
Anna 11 30		Officers Mint...	Gave up	

Course : Committee Vessel—Tucker Beacon Starboard—N Karanja Starboard—Committee Vessel—Short Course. Length 6·9 miles. Wind W-N-W. Strength fresh. Time-limit 6-0 p.m. 1st prize won by Clutha, 2nd prize won by Mavourneen, 3rd prize won by Jenny Wren. Cricket saves entrance.

"A" Class had a wonderful start, all being over within 24 seconds of the gun. On reach to Sunk Rock, Isca was the star turn on her handicap and seems to have a new lease of buoyancy (joke).

The order around Sunk Rock was Eileen, Isca, Mashuka, Melody.

Almost close-hauled to North Karanja, Mashuka overtook Isca. After North Karanja all stood up the harbour except Mashuka who stood down, hoping to make Committee Vessel on one leg, but got headed by the wind. Nearing the Committee Vessel Eileen and Curlew got into trouble, and Eileen had the bad luck to get her mainsail badly torn, and retired. Isca rounded Committee Vessel first, a few seconds ahead of Mashuka. The latter's crew were too strenuous for the spinnaker sheet, and the sail got taken aback and losing considerable time, she retired in a huff. Isca got the gun and Melody crossed the line second, the sole survivors.

"A" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—Sailed at 2-30 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allances M. S.	Entered by	Time of Corrected Arrival. H. M. S.	Time. H. M. S.
Eileen IV...	Scr	Maj Muter and Mr F Watson ...	Gave up.	
Turquoise ...25	39	Messrs. Stokes and Preston ...	Not entered.	
Isca.....	31 21	Mr T S Kennedy	6 2 42	2 11 48
Mahshuka...16	9	Mr W H Hughes	Gave up.	
Melody ...14	15	Officers, R.A ...	6 9 17	2 20 17

Course :—Committee Vessel—Sunk Rock Port—Committee Vessel—N Karanja Port—Committee Vessel—Length 11·4 miles. Wind W-N-W. Strength fresh. 1st prize won by Isca. Melody saves entrance.

Marie Louise had a luffing match with Tucker Beacon and gave up and devoted her energies and skill to our little Anna. Tucker Beacon was in great request and we believe that the Ships' Boats will help the Tom-Tits to repaint it.

SHIPS' BOATS—Sailed at 2-50 p. m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allances. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Corrected Arrival. H. M. S.	Time. H. M. S.
Pinnace	Scr	H M S Highflyer.....	4 9 18	1 19 18
Do.....	Scr	Do ...	4 17 39	1 25 9
Cutter 31.....	10 20	Do ...	4 21 0	1 21 0
Do 30 ...	14 30	Do ...	Gave up.	
Galley	18 0	Do ...	4 15 15	1 9 45
Gig 1st	17 0	Do ...	4 23 45	1 14 15
Cutter	15 45	R I M S Hardiedge ...	Gave up.	
Do ...	14 20	Do ...	4 21 27	1 19 57

Course :—Wind W-N-W. Strength fresh. 1st prize won by Galley, 2nd prize won by 1st Gig, 3rd prize won by 1st Pinnace.

Fine race of Metre Class boats.

BOMBAY HUNT.

Yesterday a large field of over sixty awaited the arrival of hounds at the cross-roads, Melon Ground, and a move was made in the direction of Sahar Hill, in order to try the coverts on the far side, where many a stout and sturdy jackal has, before now, been found ; but this time a very poor and faint-hearted customer made off, hotly pursued by the hounds.

To make much of the run would require the ready pen of some great imaginist, as the jack, after crossing the bunds in the Bomanwadi Valley, made a few circles round the Melon Ground, and was speedily despatched close to the pipe-line on the north side of the Church.

Rather than risk finding another of this miserable family in the Sahar Hill coverts, a move was made towards the likely spots close to Sahar Church, and a much better result was obtained thereby, as a knowing old veteran was found lurking in a spinney, who took us over a good line of country down to the Powai Valley, over the hill into the Horseshoe Valley, and finally eluded the hounds on the ridge of large hills overlooking Ghat Kooper.

We started off across the bunds almost straight as a die towards the Backwater, which was as good a line as we could wish, seeing that many nice cactus hedges afforded us the necessary obstacles to make hunting a real joy, and only a small share of Melon Ground. On reaching the Backwater, the jack must have swum across ; as hounds, immediately on reaching the banks, dashed into the water and streamed away on the far side, heading for the road. Luckily, owing to a ford near by, the field were able to keep on level terms ; and those, who perhaps may have been a little handicapped owing to a bad position, were able to make up ground at the road as hounds were found to have checked on the road itself. A cast on the far side eventually gave them the line, and with a splendid chorus of music they dashed away towards our old friend, the stony-wooded hill close to the Hog's Back range. This time, however, the jack turned a little left-handed, and, avoiding the hill, we galloped across the bunds, and then had to pull up while hounds disappeared in the undergrowth on the hill (name unknown) in the valley close to the mouth of the Horseshoe Valley. Luckily, owing to their splendid hunting, hounds succeeded in driving their quarry off the hill on the far side, and pushed him hard up the big hill opposite, and once more many a gallant horseman scaled the heights in the wake of hounds, only to see them disappearing into the valley on the far side.

Once more a sharp turn left-handed brought the hounds up the hill again ; but, owing to the heat of the sun, the jack was able to run them out of scent, and so saved his brush. As further hunting was impossible, hounds were taken home.

I am authorised to state that on Tuesday next hounds will leave the Kennels at 6-30 for an extra by-day. The train will not be waited for.

J. C.

POONA ASSAULT-AT-ARMS.

Sir Arthur and Lady Barrett at the Prize-giving.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 22.

The proceedings in connection with the annual Assault-at-Arms were brought to a close this evening on the Racecourse, where a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen were present. Genl. Sir Arthur Barrett and the Staff of the Sixth (Poona) Division were at home on the ground and music was also provided by a military band. Most of the events which were chiefly confined to tent-pegging for British and Native officers and men provided close contests, and at the close of the programme a gymnastic display and an exhibition of trick cycling were given by members of the Gymnastic staff.

After Lady Barret had presented the prizes, Genl. Sir Arthur Barrett made a short speech, in the course of which he remarked that the meetings were designed so that the training would specially fit the men taking part in them for war. He regretted that the 10th Brigade, R. E.A., were unable to take part owing to their annual practice camp being in progress. He concluded by thanking Capt. Hayne and the gymnastic staff, as well as those who had done duty as judges.

The following are the results:—

Bayonet combats, by teams of Indian Infantry—3rd Sappers and Miners.

Riding and Jumping, British Officers—Capt. Boyd, R. E.

Foil V. Foil, British Officers,—Lieut. Cooper, Sind Volunteer Rifles.

Tug-of war, Light weights Indian Army—3rd Sappers and Miners.

Tug-of war, British Light weights, final—Norfolk Regiment beat. Dorset Regiment.

Tug-of-War, Indian Troops, final—3rd Sappers and Miners beat 102nd Grenadiers.

Bayonet v. Bayonet, Indian Army—Havildar Shaik Muktum, 103rd Mahratta L. I.

Sabre v. Sabre, British Officers—Lieut. Gore Browne Dorset Regiment.

Bayonet v. Bayonet, British Officers—Lieut. Dorman, 1st Munster Fusiliers.

Tent-Pegging with lance (Indian Officers)—Risaldar Indar Singh, 29th Lancers.

Tent-Pegging by Sections, with Lance, No. 1 section—29th Lancers.

Sabre v. Sabre, Indian Officers—Jemadar Zurgum Shah, 127th Baluchis.

Heads and Posts—Duffedar Mohomed Oomer Khan, 29th Lancers.

Tent-Pegging with Lance British Officers—Lieut. Grunshields, R.F.A.

Sectional Tent-Pegging, British Officers—

"UNIVERSITY REFORM."

Interesting Speeches in Bombay.

At a public meeting held under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood, in the Bowen Memorial Hall of the Students' Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, Girgaum, on Saturday, Dr. Scott read an interesting and valuable paper on "University Reform." The Hon. Mr. Claude Hill occupied the chair. The hall was packed and the presence of the Hon. Mr. Pattani, Fr. Aillinger, and some other educationalists, was noticed.

MR. HILL'S SPEECH.

The Hon. Mr. Claude Hill, in opening the proceedings, said:—"I have been most liberally supplied by your Secretary with literature pertaining to past annual meetings of this Brotherhood, and while that gives me several great advantages in addressing you to-day, there is one rather serious drawback. Professor Selby, I find, has already annexed one subject upon which I should have liked to speak, viz., the desirability of superceding individualism—and Mr. Gokhale, in the address he delivered in 1909, traversed a good deal of the ground I might have trodden to-day when he imparted to you advice in regard to politics. There are, nevertheless, certain considerations related to but not overlapping, what both those eminent persons said to you on these subjects which may perhaps, with advantage, be brought to your notice at the outset of this annual gathering.

HIGHER EDUCATION.

"We are at a rather critical period in matters concerning higher education in India, and we, in Bombay, are anxious that our claim to be in the forefront of all progress, in India, shall be duly substantiated in respect to the reorganization of university education now on the anvil. All good Bombay citizens—and I hope I may class every member of the Students' Brotherhood as either potentially or actually in that category—are at one in this desire. There may—nay, there must—be differences of opinion as to ways and means, but there should be none as to the goal. A good many hard things have been said, from time to time, about the baneful effects of higher education—if too widely diffused—not only here in India, but in Western countries also. It is usually believed by the contestants on both sides that this is a comparatively new question. The question, however, is as old as learning itself. I do not possess the erudition necessary to cite from the same controversy—though I am sure it raged there—as it took place at the University of Athens, and in the groves at Gaya; but I can substantiate my statement by citing authorities from the seventeenth century in England. At that time the older English Universities were beginning to spread their nets somewhat more widely, and the foremost thinkers of that period debated seriously whether the teachings of Oxford and Cambridge should not be directed into, and confined within, specific channels designed for the public weal; and it is curious to compare the reasoning urged then with what is still heard to-day. A great thinker like Hobbes was induced, in 1668, to inveigh against the tendency of the Universities as then constituted to encourage speculation concerning politics, and government and divinity, and so to become hotbeds of civil discord and rebellion. The aim of the philosophers and statesmen of that period was to widen the somewhat narrow and antiquated curricula of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge by the addition of teaching in more practical subjects, while restricting the dangerous (as it was then considered) tendency to go behind accepted beliefs and traditions. The democratisation (if I may so call it) of learning in England was then in an embryonic stage—hardly perhaps up to the level we have reached in India now—and the opponents of the propagation of modern speculative thought, which was then slowly coming to birth, were proportionally perhaps more numerous in England then than the objectors to a Western education are in India to-day. Neither class of objectors, we hope, was, or is, opposed in principle to learning or to public education; but there were in England in the seventeenth century as there are in India to-day, many thinking men who viewed with apprehension the possible results of the loosening of old-fashioned methods of thought, old and established beliefs, and prejudices. There is, in effect (or so it seems to me), a curious and rather suggestive resemblance between the conditions affecting higher education in the England of 250 years ago and in this Presidency to-day. On the one hand, there were the conservative objectors—chiefly theologicians, on the other were the statesmen and philosophers who wished to see a widening of the basis of university fabric, such as would make the foundations able to bear a structure of national and civic growth. I suggest to you that we have, here in Bombay, somewhat similar conditions; and that one of the functions, which a Students' Brotherhood might well set before itself, is to bring about a recognition of the truth that those conditions need not of necessity lead to division and discord.

INDIAN SOCIAL SYSTEM.

"Owing to your rigid social system in India, conservative sentiments are more severely conservative than perhaps has ever been the case elsewhere. That makes your task of reconciliation more difficult. The individualism, of which Mr. Selby spoke to you a few years ago, would not be so difficult to deal with but for the fact that, owing to the system of caste, it has grafted itself on to small sections of the community, who thus handicap themselves and the individuals constituting themselves in a way which is hardly conceivable elsewhere. So difficult is it of conception that I am fully conscious that, in touching on the difficulty, I lay myself open to the reminder that I have not the full equipment of firsthand knowledge which would justify me in talking to you authoritatively about the matter. As I shall—a little further on—be quoting one or two of Goethe's maxims to you, I will endeavour to disarm this kind of criticism by quoting him against myself. No one, he says, would speak much in society if he were aware how often we misunderstand others. It is, therefore, with a full realization of the possibility of error on my part that I propose to tread delicately on the ground of your social difficulties.

"I believe you will generally agree with me when I say that society in India (I am talking of those section, of the communities which are articulate and which are seeking moral and material advancement) is sharply divided into two hostile camps, namely, those who believe that India's welfare lies in adhering rigidly to the traditions of the past—adopted, it may be, in the light of necessity, but modified as little as may be—and those who realize that what you call 'India's regeneration' will require the invocation of all the learning and knowledge which has been acquired through centuries of experiments and (sometimes) strife in other countries. For example, I am aware of cases in which disciples of the latter creed, who have acted upon their convictions and have visited and studied in Europe, have, on return to their native land, found themselves outcasted. Well, it is perhaps, not necessary to condemn without mitigation, the action of the caste which is no doubt taken with the conscientious conviction that it is in the best interests of that cast." But, relying on Mr. Selby's teaching, I think we are on safe ground, if we say that the action of the caste is individualistic, and that we may assert, without fear of serious contradiction, that such action is destructive of the interests of the "community at large." For, is it not very obvious that we can only ascertain by experiment whether the learning and experience of other countries is or is not suited to India and experience of other countries is or is not suited to India? In old Europe, as of course you know, a similar intolerance of what was new, frequently resulted, as for example, in the case of Galileo, in the serious retardation of the discoveries to which we owe our modern equipment of knowledge.

Now the wisdom of the East, and the social system which was its outcome several thousand years ago, may be the true wisdom of life. If so, it will prevail. But its truth will only be proved in the fire of experience. It is no longer possible, in these days of universal freedom of intercommunication, for any people, or sections of people or congeries of peoples, to wrap themselves up in their virtue and decline to accept the consequences of contact with the outer world. The only possible course is to take all you can from others' experience and to test the wisdom of your own traditions in the light of it. There are, of course, in the practices of other races, always many things, the outcome of custom or necessity, which are repugnant to a people differently circumstanced—it is needless to furnish examples of the truth of such a commonplace—but it should be realized that such practices are the superficies of the civilization, not always an indication of its inner value. As Goethe says: 'It is much easier to recognise error than to find truth; for error lies on the surface and may be overcome, but truth lies in the depths, and to search for it is not given to everyone.'

"For good or ill, India is now entering upon the world's competition with other countries, and entering upon it under the ægis of the British Empire. Industrially and commercially we have entered upon the race for prosperity. The first duty of all of you is to do each one within your capacity for India, something to further her advance in the race. It is obvious that dissensions within your ranks will be a hindrance and not a help in the struggle. Whatever your individual opinion may be as to the conduct of those who choose a different line of life and work, or who elect to break away from past custom, is it not better to suspend judgment? 'Wisdom lies only in truth;' and you may be quite sure that the result will not only prove who is right, but will prove it far more rapidly if the channels of the search are multiplied and not diminished.

"I suggest to you, therefore, as one of the principles for the guidance of your society, the maintenance of a wide toleration. In the discussions which have taken, and will take place in respect of university reorganization and educational reform, endeavour to realize that there is room for a hearing for persons of all shades of opinion. Those only should be looked at askance whose aim is immediate personal advantage as opposed to the ultimate public good We, in India, cannot equip ourselves adequately for competition with the world in its various spheres of activity—political, commercial and industrial—unless we deliberately lay down for ourselves a programme of education and preparation which shall be at least as searching and difficult as that provided by other countries and other centres of learning. Those of you who leave India young, in order to profit by learning at foreign institutions may—if they conscientiously keep in view the ultimate advantage to India and ignore their immediate personal gain—be serving their country better than those who believe that India has socially and industrially reached the highest pitch of perfection and can only be defiled by contact with other civilization. We need not, indeed, quarrel with those who so believe—time alone will show whether they are right or not—but we may at least ask that they should recognize that others, who think differently, are entitled to hold those different views and that it is a poor service which they do their country when they ostracize their fellow-countrymen for such a reason.

"One might well ask, however, why it should be necessary for so many students to leave India yearly for study in Europe. The answer seems to me to be that here in India we still lack some of the best machinery for teaching. If we could reach the point at which our standards could successfully challenge comparison with those of the older universities of the West, if we could claim to have here the facilities and the personnel for instruction not only in our literary, medical and engineering schools, but in our science and industrial institutes, which were the equals of those to be found in Europe, then there would be less need for the annual emigration of students from this country. Well, it is towards that goal that Government are trying to steer the educational machine of this Presidency—not indeed, with the deliberate object of checking those who wish to learn in Europe or elsewhere, but with the view to removing the reproach that only away from India can western learning at its best be imbibed. In their schemes for helping the University to become a teaching, instead of only an examining body: in the project for levelling up the tests and increasing the efficiency of the colleges, Government have only the one object in view—to bring this Presidency, in so far its claims to a share in western learning is concerned, up to the level of modern ideas and thought.

"'In such a process individual interests and personal advantage must sometimes suffer. It is almost impossible to expect the individual student to appreciate the advantages of a process which adds to his difficulties in obtaining a degree. It is perhaps unreasonable to expect even that every principal of every college can be glad if his percentage of successes suffers in the process. None the less, I like to believe there are some of you here to day who do see that, differ as many of us may, and must, as to the details of the plan for enhancing the efficiency of the educational machine, the true citizen will not look to immediate loss or gain or to immediate popularity, but will have regard to the general public weal and the ultimate good of your Presidency.

MOTTO OF WORK.

"I know that Dr. Scott is going to deal in greater detail than I can with subjects such as I have touched upon, and I know that he will emphasize the need for raising standards all round: the educational standard, in respect of entrance to the University, and of the University curricula; the moral standard, as it may be affected by improvements in the hostel system and in the relations between Professors and students; and the corporate standard, in the development of that altruistic spirit which sacrifices self to the community. You know Dr. Scott better than you know me; and if his advice to you, the Students' Brotherhood, differs in essentials from mine, I have no hesitation in urging you to follow him and not me; but since all that I have said may be summed up in the words of your motto, viz.—

'Let us work as brothers,
'Let us work for good';—

I am confident that there will be not much substantial difference between his counsel and mine, and I earnestly hope that you will give the most careful attention to his words."

DR. SCOTT'S ADDRESS.

Dr. Scott's paper, which, he said, was only a portion of what he intended to speak, took more than an hour to read. It was an elaborate survey of the growth, development and progress of national and civic universities in Great Britain. He dwelt on the main questions that were at present agitating educated minds in directing the course of university education to a better and a purer ideal than existed. After describing the condition of university education in general, and in Bombay in particular, Dr. Scott touched upon the question of whether university education should be devoted to teaching or examining. In his opinion examination was only a secondary object and greater attention should be paid to teaching. In this connection he urged on the necessity of introducing post-graduate studies, special lectures and courses for students of all colleges, and the appointment of a university principal, who should be unconnected with any college and should be responsible for the teaching imparted in the colleges affiliated to the University.

He dwelt at length on the great aims of a university which should be a home of original investigation, for advancement of knowledge and show man's conquest over nature.

With some valuable comments on the importance of original research and the ample scope afforded in India for the same, he went on to describe the greatest functions of a university. This was the formation of character—the equipment of a youth for the battle of life. The realisation of the highest principle of duty, devotion to national traditions, the strengthening of the bond of mutual love, a growth of the spirit of self-sacrifice, these and many other qualities should be acquired within the portals of a university. The cultivation of these qualities would most admirably be accomplished if a better system of hostel life were introduced, one that would exactly represent a pure family life. He hoped for the introduction of such hostels, and he was confident that parents, public, and the Government of India, who were so solicitous for the future progress of the country, would not fail to give their attention to the matter.

In conclusion, Dr. Scott referred to various progressive methods that should be judiciously introduced for the benefit of the higher education of the country. Among them was the improvement in the teaching of matriculation classes, the introduction of post-graduate studies, the cultivation of inter-collegiate relations, proper constitution of scientific, legal and other studies and the formation of new universities.

Mr. Claude Hill, on behalf of the Students' Brotherhood, thanked Dr. Scott for his illuminating and exhaustive address. Regarding the hostel system, he was glad that Dr. Scott had referred to it, and he agreed with him. When opportunity justified the conduct of hostels on the lines laid down by Dr. Scott, he was sure the Government of India would respond, with the cordial assistance of the public. Regarding examinations, he said that they were milestones, or quarter-mile stones, on the road of education and they were not real achievement but merely an earnest of greater things to be accomplished.

Father Aislinger proposed a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Claude Hill.

SUFFERED 14 YEARS WITH SORE HANDS

Itched and Burned. Skin Came Off, Leaving Them Raw. Tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment. They Soothed from the First and Cure Has Stood Test of a Dozen Years.

"For fourteen years I suffered with my hands. The skin came off in patches, leaving my hands raw. They itched terribly and if I rubbed them, water oozed out, leaving them worse than before. My thumbs and first fingers were the worst, the skin came off, leaving a red, smooth surface. They itched and burned terribly. Other parts of my hands became affected, the skin first drying up and peeling off. They were drawn together and I could not grasp anything.

"I tried various ointments, but they did me no good. I went to five different doctors, having medicine and ointment from each, but all to no purpose. One of the doctors told me they would never be cured, another said the oil was all dried up out of the skin. Not one gave me any hope of ever being cured. A friend thought the use of my fingers was withering away. I tried various ointments recommended by friends, but they all failed to cure. After some time, a friend told me about the Cuticura Remedies, having tried them with success for hands similar to mine. I tried them, and I found that nothing had such a soothing and cooling effect. They acted wonderfully, and I noticed the soothing effect from the first. My hands were completely cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. It has stood the test of a dozen years. It was wonderful, I never saw anything like it. Other members of the household have benefited by it, and we are never without a box." (Signed) Mrs. Alice Blomley, 129 Durham St., Rochdale, Eng., Jan. 3, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment afford the speediest and most economical treatment for itching, burning, bleeding and crusted skin and scalp humours, of young and old. A single set is often sufficient when all else fails. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout India, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. book on skin and scalp affections, will be sent, post-free, on application to Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta or Bombay, or F. Newbery & Sons, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London.

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Elysia" Feb. 23.

The Anchor Line s. s Elysia will sail from No: 2 shed, Victoria dock about mid-day on the 23rd instant with the following passengers. Medical inspection will take place alongside the vessel at 10 a. m. sharp.

TO PORTSAID.

Mr. R. Crabtree. Miss D. Crabtree.
Mrs. Crabtree. Mr. C. M. McCrie.

TO MARSEILLES.

Mr. G. B. Ramsay.

TO LONDON.

Mr. A. Brown. Lt. T. S. Paterson.
Lt. J. Barkworth, Mrs. Coke and infant. Mrs. W. S. Robertson and 2 infants.
Lt. Clark. Maj. Sealy.
Maj. F. C. Fulton. Mrs. Sealy and infant.
Mrs. Fulton. Lt. Col. W. H. Savage.
Capt. N. S. Franklin. Mrs. Savage.
Mrs. Franklin. Miss Savage.
Mr. W. S. Fairlie. Miss A. Savage.
Mr. W. A. Lomas. Rev. E. M. Wherry.
Mrs. Peebles and infant. Mrs. Wherry.
Mrs. M. Paterson.

TO LIVERPOOL.

Miss Darling. Mrs. Robertson, child and infant.
Miss C. N. Glynton. Miss Stubb.
Miss Gantrey. Mrs. H. Staunton.
Mrs. Harvey and infant. Mrs. Stewart and child.
Mrs. E. L. Harvey. Mr. H. W. Smith.
Mrs. M. L. Marsden and infant. Mrs. C. A. H Townsend, 2 children and infant.
Mrs. M. Millington. Mrs. E. G. Turner, 2 Children and infant.
Mr. Wm. Mumford. Mrs. Worgan and infant
Miss D. O. G. Peto and Nurse. Miss Young.
Rev. A. Robertson. Miss Youngson.

Per s.s. "Umtata" Feb. 24.

The Natal Line s.s. "Umtata" will sail from O Shed, Prince's dock about mid-day on the 24th instant with the following passengers. Medical inspection will take place alongside the vessel at 10-30 sharp.

TO PORTSAID.

Lt. R. B. Shepherd. Mr. Steinhorst,

TO WEYMOUTH.

Lt. J. A. Burke and Friend. Lt. Col. H. G. Rocke, Mrs. Rocke, Child, infant and Nurse.
Mrs. B. C. Clay
Mr. G. Gordon Kidd Lt. N. P. Shand.
Mrs. Gardener and Child. Mrs. Walker. Mrs. Cooke and infant.
Miss Gardener. Mrs. Evans.
Rev. Guevergese Mr. Farmer.
Mr. Wm. Grimshaw Mrs. Gibbs
Mrs. Grimshaw and 2 Children Mr. E. W. Gordon. Mrs. Gidney.
Maj. J. Hodgkinson Mr. W. Miles
Mrs. Haubitz Mrs. Miles,
Mrs. Hare and Child Mr. G. Morris.
Maj. C. C. Jackson Mrs. Morris.
Mrs Jackson and Child. Mrs. Macrae.
Mrs. N. MacNamara and Child. Mrs. Pattison and 2 children
Capt. D. H. C. MacArthur. Mr. M. G. Rorke. Mrs. E. Stride.
Mrs. MacArthur Mrs. Wilson and Child.

Per s. s. "Calidonien" Feb. 23.

The following is the list of passengers proceeding to Colombo and Australia by the Messageries Maritimes Coy's steamer "Calidonien" on the 23rd inst. from the stream. The medical inspection of the saloon passenger will take place at Ballard Pier at 8 a. m. Native servants and ayahs and all deck passengers must be present at the Disinfection shed, near Princess Dock, at 6-30 a. m. with all their baggage:—

COLOMBO.

Mr A C M Ismail Mr C Cromer
The Baron and Baroness of Levetzow Major C Ravenhill
Mrs F Calvert
The Count and Countess of Picolomvie Mr J X Ritchy
Mr F Rea
Captain Shannon Mr and Mrs W X Thayer
Miss C E Dewerling

HONGKONG.

Mr and Mrs F Ribeiro
Miss Ribiero and two children

YOKOHAMA.

Mr Tekchand Mr Gagoomall

FREMANTLE.

Mr Musa Khan Bangash Mr Lazzerinis
Mr R Tonsini Mr Tozzi
Mr Salirian

MELBOURNE.

Mr Aquilina Mr Fenech
Mr Aquilina Mr J Scott

SYDNEY.

Mr Ganda Mr Chenalier
Mr Sandy Mr Lemoine
Mr Jamnon Mrs and Mrs Lemoine
Mrs Olive Irene Torpy and child Mr Mallia
Mr Gulam Rasll Mr Schembri
Mr Gunda Mr Ferreck
Mrs Mackunion and child Mr Speteri
Mr Mulla
Mr Vernandon Mr Tozzi
Mr Condina Mr Omedey
Mr Aquilina Mr G Galiazatos
Mr Azzojoardi Mr Likiardopoutes
Mr B Yatopoulos Mr Voritzinas
Mr Badja Mr M Salakos
Mr C Staona Mr Patinotes
Mr Charalanbo Mr Sofilas
Mr C Tapovicolas Mr Giannakis
Mr and Mrs and Miss Corbillet Mr Georgiadis
Mr Michelias
Mrs Chenalier Mr S Cranidote
Mr Debono

NOUMEA.

Mr S Anastaris Mr Monty
Mr Mr Gany

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

PARTNERSHIP DISPUTE.

Claim for a Four Annas Share.

The case in which Manekbai Dharamsi and others sued Karandas Hirji and others to secure a four-anna share in the firm of Hirji Moolji & Co., came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Beaman in the Bombay High Court.

The plaintiffs prayed that it might be declared that they, as heirs and legal representatives of the late Dharamsi Moolji, were entitled to a four-anna share in the said firm, and to the rights of partners in respect thereof, and that the said share extended to the good-will and agencies possessed by the said firm. They further prayed that the agreement of 1896 on which they relied might be construed and the rights of the respective parties determined.

The defendants, who were the sons of Hirji Moolji, the founder of the firm, said that, under the terms of an agreement dated 1896, they were entitled to terminate the interest of all partners in the firm upon the terms and conditions set forth in the agreement of 1896.

Some fifty years ago, Hirji Moolji had started the firm in Bombay, and later on, his brother Dharamsi became associated with him. They admitted other partners. In 1910 Dharamsi died, and his children, the present plaintiffs, continued as partners in the firm. On the 31st August, 1912, the present defendants gave them notice terminating their partnership.

His Lordship, after hearing both sides, referred the suit to the Commissioner and remarked that, by the agreement of 1896, the shares were apportioned and provision made for the taking of accounts and assigning of profits or loss to any retiring partners. In the firm the defendants held a preponderating interest. In referring to the expression, "malik," used in the agreement, the Court was of opinion that it meant that Hirji Moolji, who had started the business, was its owner, and had every right to admit or dispence with other partners at his pleasure. The Court, therefore, held that the defendants had every right under the agreement to terminate the partnership of the other members of the firm, and referred the suit to the Commissioner for the taking of accounts in conformity with the terms of the agreement of 1896.

SUIT AGAINST GUARDIAN'S WIDOW.

The case in which a Bhatia Hindu of Chandwadi, Bombay, named Goculdas Kassondas, "de bonis non" of the estate of Karsondas Liladhar (deceased), sued Vaibai, widow and executrix of Nathu Valji of Mahim for a declaration that he was entitled to the benefit of the purchase of certain properties and their possession, for surrender of possession, and for an injunction against the defendant, restraining her from selling the properties, and for the appointment of a receiver, came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Beaman in the Bombay High Court.

The plaintiff stated that on the 30th March 1902 Karsondas Liladar died, leaving considerable properties at Mahim, including an oart called Khareli on Lady Jamsetji-road. Karsondas Liladhar left three sons, Narotam, the plaintiff, and Damodar (the last two) being minors. On the 13th April 1902 Damodar died unmarried, while yet a minor. On the 10th August 1910, the plaintiff attained his majority. By a will, Karsondas Liladhar appointed as his executors Narotam and one Ranchordas Karsondas, a son of Karsondas Liladhar who predeceased his father. After the death of Karsondas Liladhar, Narotam took possession of all the properties belonging to the estate of Karsondas Liladhar, including the oart. the 15th April 1902, Narotam left Mahim, and entrusted the management of the properties, including the oart, to Nathu Valji. On the 18th January 1903, Narotam died, and the plaintiff became solely entitled to the properties, including the oart. The plaintiff was them a minor of eleven years of age. Nathu Valji became the plaintiff's guardian and the plaintiff lived with him. Nathu Valji managed the properties on behalf of Narotam, while the latter was alive, and continued to do so on behalf of the plaintiff, acting as administrator of the plaintiff's father's estate. Nathu Valji, on behalf of the estate, purchased from one Maria Magdelena Pacheco, who was at the time a "Farzendari" tenant of a portion of the oart, all her right, title, and interest as such "Farzendari" tenant in the said portion. Nathu Valji died leaving a widow (the defendant). Now the defendant contended that the said purchase had been made by Nathu Valji on his own behalf and denied all the allegations. The plaintiff had been looked after by her husband as he could not live peacably elsewhere. The plaintiff had no claim on the properties purchased by her husband.

The case was gone into in Mr. Justice Beaman's Court and his Lordship, in delivering judgment remarked: "It is not worth while to hear further evidence and decide what in fact was paid by Nathu Valji and whether the money was paid by himself or out of the funds of the testator; for the plaintiff in order to cut the matter short and without prejudice to his own contention to the contrary, was quite willing to reimburse the widow (defendant Vali Bai) the sum of Rs. 125 which she alleges was paid by her husband out of his own funds as the price of the property. It is to be clearly understood that in making this offer the plaintiff does not abandon any of his contentions, and it is only because the sum is so inconsiderable and the matter, in my opinion, ought to be cut short, that I make the repayment of this money a term of the decree. On the other hand, the defendant must clearly account to the plaintiff for the actual rents received since 1903, and not applied to the plaintiff's use; the one sum to be set off against the other, and the plaintiff's claim in all other respects decreed with costs.

THE POLICE COURTS.

COCAINE AS MEDICINE.

On the complaint of Excise Inspector Pandit, on Saturday, Nana Bhana, a Hindu, and Mahomed Osman were charged before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, with being in possession of three grains of cocaine without a licence from the Collector of Bombay. Mr. Pandit stated that he arrested the accused on Friday night, Nana Bhana in Bhandari street, and Mahomed Osman in Kumbharwada 5th Lane. Nana Bhana said that he had been advised to take cocaine as a remedy for a cough. He admitted one previous conviction. His Worship fined him 25. Mahomed Osman's plea was that he had made use of the drugas a tooth-ache preventive. He was fined Rs. 12.

Another Mahomedan, named Suleman Sukur, was charged with possessing twelve grains of cocaine. He had purchased the drug to oblige another; but was under the influence of liquor, at the time of his arrest. The accused had been previously convicted on the same offence, and his Worship sentenced him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one month.

INQUESTS.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A CARRIAGE.

An old Hindu woman named Yesoobai, was knock down and runover by a carriage driven by a Bhikha Rowji, at Chineh Bunder-road, on Friday last. She was removed to the Sir J. J. Hospital for treatment of several injuries sustained by the wheels of the carriage passing over her. Later in the day she succumbed.

At the inquest held by Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, on Saturday, the jury recorded a verdict to the effect that the death had been due to shock following the injuries received by the deceased being knocked down and run over by a carriage driven in a negligent manner.

SUICIDE BY DROWNING.

Mr. G. F. Chalk, Coroner, held an inquest on Saturday, touching the death of Mahadu Atmaram, whose body was found floating in the C. P. Tank on Friday afternoon.

The man was suspected of having murdered Hindu woman named Parvatibai, who had been living with him for sometime. Her body was recently exhumed from the Worli cemetery, on the complaint of her husband, Waman Chimji, and the inquest on her body was pending before the Coroner. The details in connection with that inquest have already been reported.

The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

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A clean, tempting food, giving stamina—unrivalled for Breakfast.

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AS THE BEST PREPARATION OF OATS

THE WEATHER.

Unsettled Conditions over Northern India.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, FEB. 23.

Precipitation occurred in Kashmir, East Punjab, the United Provinces and north-west India. The chief falls are:—Chakrata one and half inches; Simla one; Montgomery, Mainpur, Lucknow, a quarter; Ambala, Ludhiana, Ranchi, a half; Cochin three-quarters.

The depression which caused the recent rain is now dissipating, but unsettled conditions continue over the whole of Northern India.

Forecast:—Light local falls in Northern India.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 22nd February, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rainfall has been nearely general in the north and the east Punjab: Rawalpindi has had 0·39", Lahore 0·14", Ambala 0·36," and Delhi 0·23". Skies are clear in the south-west Punjab and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Day temperature is in defect as Rawalpindi and Dehli: night temperature is in excess at Lahore, Ambala, and Delhi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded at Cawnpore, and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual. Maximum temperature is in defect in the north-western districts; minimum temperature is in excess over the whole division.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess in Rajputana and nearly sound. Minimum temperature is in excess in east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar, and Central India West.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. The air is damper than usual. Temperature is in excess in West Central India, Gujarat, and adjacent parts of Kathiawar.

The Central Provinces.—Fairly general rain generally associated with thunder-storms has fallen in the extreme eastern and south-eastern districts; Jubbulpore has had 0·75" and Chanda 0·50". Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess. Night temperature is higher than usual over the whole division; day temperature is also above normal in the western districts.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are moderately clouded in the extreme southern districts of the Bombay Deccan, and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual at some stations. Temperature is generally in excess.

General Remarks.—The depression has moved into east Rajputana and the adjacent parts of West Central India and of the United Provinces. Rainfal due to it has been nearly general in the north and the east Punjab. The disturbed conditions in the central parts of the country have caused fairly general rain associated with thunder-storms in the extreme eastern and the south-eastern districts of the Central Provinces.

Fairly general rain is likely in the United Provinces, local rain in east Rajputana, the east Punjab, and the north-east Central Provinces, and a few shower in the north Punjab. Isolated thunder-storms are possible in the southern half of the Deccan.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE A. HILL TREVOR COMMANDING.

Bombay, 24th February, 1913.

69. Duties for week ending 2nd March 1913.
Orderly Officer Lieut-M H Sowerby,
" Sergeant No. 1 Coy. Sergt O B Banks.
" " No. 2 " Corpl T Patton.

70. Meetings Regimental Committee. There will be a meeting of the Regimental Committee at the Corps Head Quarters after evening parade on Thursday next.

Business:—To arrange dates etc. for the Inter-Company and Quarter Cup Competition.

71. Enrolment. The undernamed having been enrolled is taken on the Strength of the Corps and posted as under:—

No. 126 Sapper S. Graveston to E E Company.

67 Practice.—Monday 24th instant, No. 2 Company S. V A. will carry out Instructional practice from 10 inch B. L. at Mahalaxmi 6 rounds will be fired, Parade Mahalaxmi at 10 a. m.

Dress:—Khaki, helmets, (Khaki Shirts to be worn).

Squad. Drill, Rifle exercises and Musketry Instruction.

Parades will be held on Thursday in the Town Hall Compound at 7 p. m. Commencing on Thursday, 27th February.

Dress:—Khaki and Caps, Rifles and side Arms.

Members entering for the Hamilton Shield Competition should attend these parades.

Hamilton Shield Competition. This competition will be held on Saturday, 29th March in the Town Hall Compound at 3 p. m.

Details can be seen at Headquarters.

Gun Drill.—15 pr. Gun Drill will be held in the Town Hall Compound every Tuesday Morning at 7 a. m. Commencing from Tuesday 25th inst. Members requiring Gun Drills for Efficiency requirements should attend these parades.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Captain, R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COL. B. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 21st Feb., 1913.

141. Arms.—All Arms and accoutrements to be returned to Head-Quarters at once.

142. Rifle Meeting. The Annual Rifle meeting will commence at Ghat Kopar on Sunday the 2nd proximo. Names of intending competitors to reach Adjutant's Office by 1st noon on Friday the 28th instant.

Programme will be issued when received from Press.

Detail:

Saturday 1st March. Cadet marching competition (Match 13) and Blaney Challenge Cup (Match 16).

Sunday 2nd March.—Bayley Coy. Challenge Shield (Match 1).

Daily detail will be published later.

143. Proficiency candidates who received book from Head-quarters are requested to return them early.

144. 2nd Lieut. R. T. H. Mackenzie is posted to "F" Coy. and 2nd Lieut M. Irines Ker to "I" Coy.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Captain,
Offg. Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

The All-Comers match in the 1st Bn. G. I. P. Ry. Vol. Rifle Meeting will be fired at Ghat Kopar at 7-30 on the 27th inst. Post entries.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

HIGH COURT—FEB. 24.

Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr Justice Chandavarkar.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

19-12, 160-10 Payne and Co, Rahim Vally Mahomed vs N J Gamadia and another, Bicknell M B and Co, Payne and Co.
31-12, 232-03 Ardeshir R Bond Co, Ebji Umersey vs Jay Ayal Lukminarayen and another, Malvi H M and R.
55-12, 1042-1 Payne and Co, the New Piece Goods Bazars Co Ltd vs Jivabhai Vadhal, Edgelow G W and Co.
66-12 461-12 Payne and Co, Withaldas Gooldas vs Joonimal Hargopal Poongla, Motichand and D.
67-12, 23-12 D J Maistr, Luxman Jayram vs Radhabai widow, Captain and V.
69-12, 264-1 Dubash and Co, Narsey Virji vs Alfred H Harrison, Patell and E.
70 12 Payne and Co, Jan Mahomed Rahimtoola and Co vs Karimbhoy Salehbhoy and others Elgelow G W and Co.
71-12, 311-12 Payne and Co, Mulraj Khattau vs The Bank of India Ltd, and others Craigie B and Co, Bhaishanker K and G, Motichand and D.
72-12, 311-12 Craigie B and Co, The Bank of India Ltd. vs Saranji Dwarkadas and others, Bhaishanker K and G, Motichand and D, Payne and Co.
74-12, 272-11 Mulla and M, Borjorji Rattonji Bomanji vs Shawmdas Parashram, Tyabji D and Co.
89-12, 134-12 Mulla and M, Bawa Miya Pir Bala Miya vs Pir Abdul Kadar Pir Dada Miya and others, Payne and Co.
65-12 Wadia G and Co, Trikumdas Mills Co Ltd vs The Lakhmidas Khemji Spg and Wg Co Ltd.

(Before the Hon'ble Justice Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

708-12 Vachha and Co; Yeshwant Bhicaji Contractor vs Mad avdas Goculdas Liladhar Pasbe, Edgelow G W and C.

Testamentary Suits.

30-12 Muljibai T. Karsondas Dayaldas vs Girdhar Kalidas, ome B and Co.

8-13 Smetham B and Co. Girdhar Kalidas vs Nanbada, Muljibai K and T.

Long Causes.

897-12 Manekbai and L B Amrey vs Sadanand Jagannath—Sham M and H.

594-12 Subnis and G Bai Sitabai vs G.M. Dukle Daph F and D.

734-12 Payne and Co. The South Mills Co. Ltd vs Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal, Bck M R and Co.

983-12 Bick M R and Co. Shivrattan as Fragdas vs B N Patel—Sole B and Co.

988-12 Wadia G and Co. Jessang Dosabhai vs Bai Jamak, Dabash and P.

953-12 In Person, Bai Jabai vs Jamnadas Tharadas

981-12 Tyabji D and Co Narayen Balaji vs G M Mohite, Bhimji and Co.

1080-09 Mirza M and M R B Chokshi vs R B Chokshi Jeevan and B, Mehta and D.

471-17092-12, Murchand and N B Jaikar vs Rajaram Bapuji, Hirabhai and Co.

871-12 Chinnis M and K, Ahmed Jamal vs Mahomed Ibrahim, Mulla and M.

1017-11 Ardeshir H Dand Co Chotalal Mulchand vs L P M Gomes, Payne and C.

605-22461-12 Crawford and Co. The Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay vs Sir Adamji Peerbhoy and others, Edgelow G W and Co.

815-12 Unwalla and P, Jushaj Fozji vs Abdul Rehiman Haji Sulemon Abdul Wahed, Payne and Co.

845-12 Payne and Co, Karsan Fakira vs Motiram Jairamdas, Mulla and M.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

801-09 Payne and Co, Haji Gulam Mahomed Azam vs the B Bay and P S N Co Ld, and another, Crawford B and W.

525-12 Jehangir M and S, Tulsidekhand Kehaud Nookamchand vs Norendabux Ramcoover, Motichand and D.

577-11 Daphtary P and D, The Indian Specie Bank Ltd vs Haji Ibrahim Mahomed Haji Mahomed Ardesher B and Co, Jehangir M and S.

784-12 Sassoon J and Co, Benjamji Bomanji vs M M Dubash, Forbes and C.

724-12 Dubash and A. Bhojilal Nagordas vs Ranchhordas Vrajji

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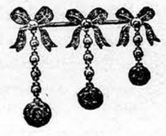

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